CAROL STREAM FIRE DISTRICT

CAROL STREAM, IL

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2017









COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

Prepared By:

Perry Johnson, Chief Administrative Officer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

$\underline{Page}(s)$	<u>)</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
List of Principal Officials i	i
Organizational Chartii	i
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	i
Transmittal Letter	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	2
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	}
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	}
Statement of Activities	Ļ
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	j
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	ó
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	7
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	3

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Page(s) **FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)** GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Basic Financial Statements (Continued) Fund Financial Statements (Continued) Fiduciary Fund - Firefighters' Pension Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position..... 9 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position..... 10 Notes to Financial Statements 11-33 Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual General Fund 34 Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions 35 Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios 36 Schedule of Investment Returns 37 Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Schedule of Funding Progress.... 38 Schedule of Employer Contributions 39 Notes to Required Supplementary Information 40 COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS General Fund by Subfund Combining Balance Sheet 41 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual 42

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

43-44

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued)	
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)	
Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet	45
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	46
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Combining Balance Sheet	47
Fund Balances	48
Budget and Actual Audit Fund	49
Tort Immunity Fund	50 51
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	52-53
Change in Net Position	54-55
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	56-57
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	58-59
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	60
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	61
Principal Property Taxpayers	62
Property Tax Levies and Collections	63
Schedule of Property Tax Valuations, Rates, Extensions and Collections	64-65
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	66
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	67
Legal Debt Margin Information	68-69

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued)	
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Information	70
Principal Employers	71
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent Employees	72
Operating Indicators	73
Capital Asset Statistics	74



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

MAY 31, 2017

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

William Natick - President

Richard Fisher – Secretary

Karl Langhammer – Treasurer

James Panopoulos - Trustee

Brian Jordan - Trustee

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Kenneth Anderko - Chairperson

David Carlson – Secretary

Ronald Murray - Commissioner

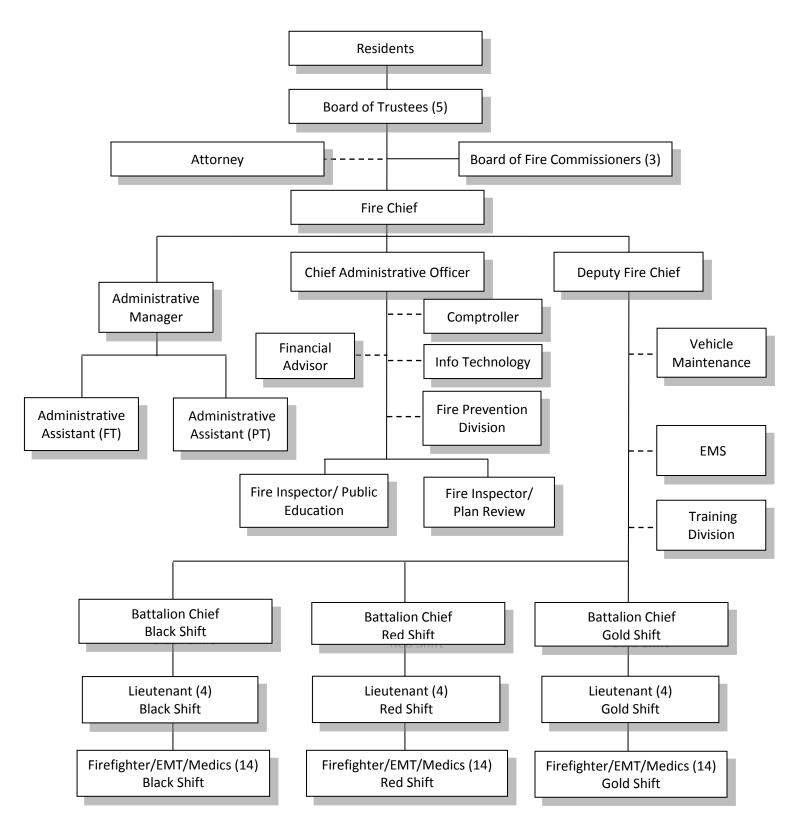
MANAGEMENT STAFF

Robert Huff – Chief

Robert Schultz – Deputy Fire Chief

Perry Johnson – Chief Administrative Officer

Carol Stream Fire Protection District Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Carol Stream Fire Protection District Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

May 31, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

CAROL STREAM FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT



365 KUHN ROAD CAROL STREAM, IL 60188-0717

Robert S Hoff Fire Chief

Business Phone: (630) 668-4836

FAX: (630) 668-4877

September 15, 2017

Members of the Board of Trustees Carol Stream Fire Protection District Carol Stream, Illinois 60188

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District (CSFPD), Carol Stream, Illinois for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017.

The District is required to issue annually a report of its financial position and activity presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This report is presented using the financial reporting model outlined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report and asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

To provide a reasonable basis for making its representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework. This framework is designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that accounting transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and properly recorded so that the financial statements can be prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The objective of the internal control framework is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

State statutes require an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of CSFPD by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees selected the accounting firm of Sikich LLP. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified or clean opinion that the CSFPD's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A is also intended to disclose any known significant events or decisions that affect the financial condition of CSFPD. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

DISTRICT PROFILE

The Carol Stream Fire Protection District (CSFPD) was organized in 1947 under the general laws of the State of Illinois providing for the organization and operation of fire protection districts and is now operating under the provisions of the Fire Protection District Act of the State of Illinois, as amended (70 ILCS 705/0.01 et seq.). CSFPD is a primarily residential area in DuPage County. Located approximately twenty six miles west of Chicago's Central Business District, the CSFPD covers a population of approximately 41,000 people and an area of approximately 9 square miles including most of the Village of Carol Stream and some unincorporated areas.

CSFPD provides a full range of services to its residents. These services include fire suppression services, emergency medical services, hazardous material response, fire prevention and public education, special rescue and community events. In addition to general operations, the District exercises oversight of the Firefighters' Pension Fund; therefore these activities are included in the reporting entity.

CSFPD operates under an elected Board of Trustees form of government. The Board of Trustees is comprised of five members who are responsible, among other things, for determining policies, passing resolutions and ordinances, adopting the annual budget, and appointing committees. The Fire Chief is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible for the daily operations and management of the District.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. State law requires that a Fire Protection District adopt a final budget by no later than the end of the first quarter of the new fiscal year. The CSFPD budget is prepared by fund and function, but the format of the budget provides for a departmental budget with line item supplemental backup. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

A Budget to actual comparison is provided in this report for the General Fund. The comparison is presented as required supplementary information. For governmental funds other than the General Fund, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

CSFD number one priority remains life safety for our citizens and our personnel. We have a high volume of EMS activity and all other areas of our operations are divided between fire/suppression response along with fire alarm response, plus public education.

During the prior 2 years we had seen a 11.2% total increase in the annual assessed valuation (2014 to 2016, net of new property) due to economic conditions. We are very pleased to inform you that in tax year 2016 we saw a 6.7% increase in the assessed value. It is hoped this cycle of increases in EAV will continue into the future. The amount of collected property taxes continues to be close to 100% of the levy.

We believe our economic outlook will continue to be acceptable and will allow us to at least maintain current core service levels. The District's potential for residential and commercial growth should provide for a growing community in the foreseeable future.

A feasibility studied has been conducted and presented to the CSFD for the existing Station 29 which is located at 275 Schmale Rd. This study recommended a possible remodel or new fire station that would be projected as a construction project over the next couple years or when needed. Some of the necessary improvements have begun during FY 16 but the project remains under careful consideration.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The District maintains a 10 years capital improvement/replacement schedule that keep and buildings and equipment up to date and modern. The District is considering major improvements or a possible replacement or remodel of one of its fire stations within the next 1-3 years. The Capital Improvement Fund is funded and/or has funding scheduled over the next 10 years. The Capital Improvement Fund is growing at a steady rate in part due to the loan on Station 28 being paid off in April of 2016. Solid budget management by the District has allowed transfers into the Capital Fund of excess funds available.

At this time the only capital expenditures anticipated in the near future are vehicle replacements and station improvement projects. Capital projects will be kept minimal to provide for extra funding should assessed value continue to deteriorate. Also, because of the threat of new legislation that could affect the amount of levy funds received, we are trying to keep our fund balance at a higher level.

The District has financial policies in place to promote fiscal stability. In general, all supplies, materials, equipment and contractual/professional services required for operational efficiency will have been included in the annual Budget. Purchase of same as required during the fiscal year shall proceed in accordance with these procedures upon approval of the annual Budget by the Board of Trustees.

Individual budget staff coordinators and Lieutenants may authorize purchases, as identified in the operating budget, up to \$1,000. Battalion Chiefs may authorize purchases up to \$2,500.

The Fire Chief, Deputy Chief and Chief Administrative Officer may approve any purchase if the items have been specifically identified in the budget or do not exceed the budget line item. The Fire Chief will provide the Board with advanced notice of all purchases that exceed \$7,500 prior to the items being purchased. It is anticipated that such notice would be provided at a regular Board meeting and identify items to be purchased over the next 30 days.

In the event of an item that exceeds \$20,000 the Fire Chief shall provide the Board with the following information as part of the advanced notice: Type of bid process used, the names of the vendors bidding and the cost proposed, the vendor proposed to be selected and why, and any other pertinent information.

The investment policy emphasizes safety of principle and maintenance of purchasing power as the foremost objectives, and this concept is reinforced with the requirement that District assets be collateralized for amounts over the FDIC limit.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017

Staffing and associated costs will continue to be our largest operating expenditure.

Our labor collective bargaining agreement with our IAFF-AFFI Carol Stream Firefighters Union Local 3192, AFLCIO was renegotiated effective June 1, 2016 and continues through May 31, 2018. Labor contract negotiations are anticipated to start in January 2018.

At our training center located at Station 28, we continue our partnerships with surrounding Fire Districts, local community colleges, police agencies, West Suburban Fire Rescue Alliance (WSFRA), City of Chicago, and other government agencies.

We will continue to maintain our three fire stations by way of general maintenance. Station 29 is having a new garage/storage building built in late 2017 along with outside concrete work at Station 27 and 29.

The District had only one debt outstanding and that was paid off completely in April 2016.

The District expanded its investment program to allow for additional investment opportunities. This move has proven to be very beneficial in terms of raising additional revenue in keeping with the investment laws of the State of Illinois. Safety, security and return continue to be the primary goals of the investment program.

As we enter the FY2018 and FY2019 fiscal years, we will continue to keep a watchful eye over the budget, the levy, and all expenses balancing commitments of employment, pensions, and insurances, while maintaining a solid financial position to cover all operational expenses. While the District remains mostly dependent on property tax revenue, we have aggressively reviewed user fees in an effort to diversify our revenue sources and spread funding responsibilities to users of service. We are concerned about these tough economic times and very aware of our taxpayer's burden of overall taxes. Our Board of Trustees is addressing that with a continued conservative approach to spending, keeping in mind that we will continue to promote safety by way of training and maintaining an active committee that makes recommendations and reviews incidents as they occur. The current Board of Trustees is continuing the conservative yet progressive controls of our finances necessary to carry us for the next 5-10 years.

Key goals for the year ended May 31, 2018 include but are not limited to:

- *Strive for financial stability, while assessing all necessary programs.
- *Comprehensive public education and public education efforts that result in no serious injuries or loss of life to civilians.
- *Assess the building and vehicle maintenance programs to insure safety and cost effectiveness.
- *Hiring of firefighters only to fill vacancies if they should occur as per the collective bargaining agreement. Assess contract programs for overall cost effectiveness.
- *Continue review and maintenance of the district's computer system (hardware and software). Assess the feasibility and cost effectiveness of conversion to electronic process and record storage.
- *Continue compliance with nationally recognized standards.

*Make necessary improvements to Station 29.

Major initiatives for the future include:

*Continue efforts to prevent fires and loss of life and property in the district, with a continued emphasis on firefighter health, safety and fitness.

*Fiscal stability will continue to be a concern during these changing economic times. All programs and positions will be open to review and subject to changes, based upon finances.

*Strive to improve communications with radios, computers (MDT's) and mobile radios within district vehicles.

*Maintain key personnel in the Fire Prevention, Administration and Training to accommodate increasing demand for those services.

*Aggressive risk-management based training as well as safety and educational program delivery.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Carol Stream Fire Protection District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2015 and May 2016. This is the third year that the District striving to again receive this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GOFA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Respectfully submitted,

Perry Johnson

Chief Administrative Officer







1415 W. Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, Illinois 60563 Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President
Members of the Board of Trustees
Carol Stream Fire Protection District
Carol Stream, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District (the District) as of and for the year ended May 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District at May 31, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois September 29, 2017

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD & A") is an element of the financial reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. In this area Carol Stream Fire Protection District ("District") presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance and provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year-end May 31, 2017. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the "MD&A."

General Background

The District is a full service provider of emergency services including fire suppression, emergency paramedic service, specialized rescue (structural collapse, confined space, high angle and trench), and hazardous materials response and mitigation. The District operates out of three fire stations that cover about 16 square miles. Our service area includes the Village of Carol Stream, portions of the Villages of Bloomingdale, Glendale Heights, and Winfield, and surrounding unincorporated areas of DuPage County. Our personnel respond to approximately 5,430 calls for service annually. Our staffing consists of 45 full-time firefighters and paramedics, 9 contract paramedics, 1 fire chief, 1 deputy fire chief, 3 battalion chiefs, 1 part time administrative staff, 1 full time administrative assistant, 1 administrative manger, 1 full-time Chief Administrative Officer, 2 full-time fire inspectors. We also have 1 financial comptroller and 1 computer consulting firm working under a 1099 agreement.

Non-emergency functions include a comprehensive fire prevention program consisting of fire and life safety code enforcement, public fire safety education and fire investigation. We also provide an extensive public education program, which includes a fire safety curriculum for grade schools, CPR and first aid training.

The District operates a full-scale training facility at its headquarters fire station. The facility includes live fire training and fire simulations, ventilation props, and underground and aboveground rescue components. The facility is used on a fee basis by fire departments and other agencies throughout northeastern Illinois.

The District is mostly funded through property taxes, state funding, and user fees. The two largest governmental funds that comprise the District's levies, budgets and services are the Corporate and Ambulance Funds.

Financial Highlights

The Carol Stream Fire Protection District continues to operate under the restrictions of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law ("tax cap"). The tax cap limits the annual growth of the District's primary revenue source to the annual CPI index factor. The only exceptions to these limitations are new building construction in the District and voter approved property tax increases. The District Board routinely monitors the receipt of revenues and disbursements of expenditures. On an annual basis the District develops and modifies a 10-year capital improvement plan. The purpose of this plan is to identify future capital needs in terms of buildings and equipment and plan ahead for the funding of same. The District is continually reviewing its financial position and where the District is headed to help determine how current decisions will affect the District's financial picture.

Primary effects on fiscal 2017 operating results include the following:

- The District's Statement of Net Position during FY 2017 changed dramatically due to the inclusion of GASB 68. The Carol Stream Firefighter's Pension Fund Unfunded Liability is now reported on the Fire District's financials. As a result, total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows exceeded the District's total assets and deferred outflows at the end of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,646,203. The District's total net position decreased \$36,304 as compared to the previous year.
- Property Taxes levied and collected for governmental funds were \$10,435,461 compared to the prior year of \$10,171,014 an increase of \$264,447.
- At May 31, 2017 the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,872,758 an increase of \$685,365 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of the following parts: Introductory Section, Financial Section, including the management's discussion and analysis (this section) and the Statistical Section. The basic financial statements, and required supplementary information is included in the Financial Section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that are similar to the historical reporting concept and focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations and in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements have the following two primary components.

- The *governmental funds* statements tell how basic services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's financial position and operations as a whole, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's current and non-current assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position, a concept similar to "equity" in enterprise financial statements.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the Use of the Net Position concept is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

• To assess the District's overall financial health, consideration also needs to be given to other non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base, the condition of its facilities and other similar items.

In the Government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as follows:

• Governmental Activities - Most of the District's basic services such as emergency services and administration are included. Property taxes and user fees finance most of these activities.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of these funds can be divided into two types: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds — These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. However, unlike the District-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out of District operations and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term asset and debt focus of the Government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The financial content of the Government-wide financial statements differs from the financial content of the traditional fund based financial statements primarily due to:

- Recognition in the government-wide financial statements of the cost and related current and accumulated depreciation of long-term assets.
- Recognition in the government-wide financial statements of the remaining liability for the principal payments due that are related to long-term debt obligations.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for other special revenue funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted annual appropriated budget.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Fiduciary Fund includes the pension trust fund.

The Statistical Section shows a 10 year historical view of the District in terms including: Taxes levied and collections, District and overlapping debt, changes in fund balance, demographics and other information pertinent to the District.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund-based financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The combining statements with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Individual fund statements and schedules are presented in the subsequent sections of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following is a condensed summary of Net Position financial information as of May 31, 2017. The Fire Protection District has prepared government-wide financial statements as required and comparative information with the year ended May 31, 2016 is provided below.

Table 1		
Condensed Statement of Net Position		
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Current Assets	\$18,907,207	\$16,725,024
Capital Assets	7,410,331	7,949,259
Deferred Outflows	4,876,566	5,938,753
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$31,194,104	\$30,613,036
Current Liabilities	\$149,456	\$148,488
Deferred Inflows	20,738,609	9,088,693
Long-term Liabilities	19,952,242	30,985,754
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$40,840,307	\$40,222,935
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,410,331	\$7,949,259
Restricted	192,417	102,278
Unrestricted	(17,248,951)	(17,661,436)
Total Net Position	\$(9,646,203)	\$(9,609,899)

Net Position – The overall net position of the District as of May 31, 2017 is (\$9,646,203), with (\$17,248,951) being unrestricted. The negative net position, as stated earlier, is due to the inclusion of GASB 68 and the unfunded liability of the Firefighter's Pension Fund being reported on the District's financial statements. Exclusive of the Pension Fund Unfunded Liability, the District in is a favorable financial condition.

Changes in Net Position – The following table provides a condensed government-wide summary of the changes in the net position of the District for the 2017 fiscal year with comparative information for the 2016 fiscal year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position				
	Governmental		Governmental	
	Activities	% of	Activities	% of
	2017	<u>Total</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$1,365,192	11.19%	\$1,112,838	9.53%
Operating grants & contributions	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Capital Grants	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Foreign Fire Insurance	66,109	.54%	47,568	.41%
Property taxes	10,435,461	85.50%	10,171,014	87.17%
Replacement taxes	165,711	1.36%	149,177	1.28%
Investment earnings	37,615	.31	18,444	.03%
Other	133,712	1.10	182,996	1.58%
Total revenues	\$12,203,800	100%	\$11,682,037	100.0%
Expenses:				
Operational	12,095,481	98.82%	10,512,281	84.85%
Administrative	4,037	.03%	10,277	.08%
Firefighters's Pension Liability	140,586	1.15%	1,867,720	15.07%
Total expenses	\$12,240,104	100.0%	\$12,390,278	100.0%
Increase (decrease) in net position	(36,304)		(708,241)	
Change in accounting principle			(18,738,852)	
Net position, June 1 Restated	(9,609,899)		(8,901,568)	
Net position, May 31	\$(9,646,203)		\$(9,609,899)	

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities decreased the District's net position by (\$36,304) including the change in accounting principle. Key elements of the entity-wide performance are as follows:

- 1. The total revenues of the District increased by \$521,763 or 4.47% from \$11,682,037 in fiscal year 2016 to \$12,203,800 in fiscal year 2017.
- 2. Property tax revenue, the major financing source of the district, increased by \$264,447 or 2.60% from \$10,171,014 in fiscal year 2016 to \$10,435,461 in fiscal year 2017.
- 3. Charges for service increased by \$252,354 or 22.67% from \$1,112,838 in 2016 to \$1,365,192 in 2017. This increase was due to an increase in the number of ambulance calls.
- 4. The total expenses decreased by .04% or \$150,174 from \$12,390,278 in fiscal year 2016 to \$12,240,104 in fiscal year 2017.

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful is assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$7,872,758 with \$5,220,324 for future Capital Projects, \$192,417 restricted for Special Levies, and \$2,460,017 unassigned and available for general operating purposes.

The Corporate and Ambulance funds are the primary funds of the District.

The Corporate sub-fund unassigned fund balance as of May 31, 2017 was \$1,055,931 and decrease of \$1,916,458 from the prior year.

The Ambulance sub-fund unassigned fund balance as of May 31, 2017 was \$1,404,086 an increase of \$127,918 from the prior year.

Fiduciary Funds

The Pension Fund is the only fiduciary fund and is maintained by the Carol Stream Firefighters Pension Trust. The District is responsible for collecting the property taxes as well as the individual contributions made by the firefighters and distributing these monies to the trust. The Pension Trust's net position increased \$4,515,076 or 13.08% over the previous year to \$39,027,011.

Capital Assets

During 2017 the District purchased an All-Terrain vehicle for \$16,694, replaced heating system on apparatus floor at station 29 for \$22,900 and remodeled the kitchen at station 28 for \$64,880. Several smaller acquisitions were also made, all in accordance with the District's 10 year capital plan. Information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

General long term debt items is made up of compensated absences, pension liability, and postemployment benefit obligations. Further information on long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the financial statements.

Fire District's Fiscal Year 2017 Initiatives

The District transferred \$2,500,000 from its operating funds to its capital fund in keeping with the 10 year capital replacement needs of the District.

The District also transferred \$1,000,000 from its operating funds to the pension fund to help reduce the pension liability.

Factors Bearing on the Fire Protection District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Fire Protection District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its future operations and related financial position:

Adverse affects:

- Interest rates continued to be low and less investment income was derived.
- Property tax increases were low due to tax caps making it extremely difficult to keep up with the increased operating expenses of the District.

Positive Effects:

- The District continues to operate with a balanced operating budget and anticipates that fact to continue over the next three years.
- Rolling stock consisting of fire engines and ambulances are all in excellent condition and are expected to last for several years.
- The District has in place a 10 year capital improvement plan to maintain its buildings and equipment.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Perry Johnson, Chief Administrative Officer, Carol Stream Fire Protection District, 365 North Kuhn Road, Carol Stream, Illinois 60188.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

May 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 7,933,671
Receivables	10.700.110
Property taxes	10,530,469
IRMA excess surplus	412,040
Interest Miscellaneous	20,994 10,033
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,375,000
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	6,035,331
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	0,033,331
Total assets	26,317,538
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred pension outflows	4,876,566
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,876,566
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	31,194,104
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	42,864
Accrued payroll	49,076
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	57,516
Due in more than one year	19,952,242
Total liabilities	20,101,698
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred revenue	10,530,469
Deferred pension inflows	10,208,140
Total deferred inflows of resources	20,738,609
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	40,840,307
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,410,331
Restricted	
Audit	14,259
Insurance	81,506
Retirement	12,601
Public safety	84,051
Unrestricted (deficit)	(17,248,951)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (9,646,203)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	f	Charges or Services	Op Gra	n Revenue erating ints and ributions	Gra	Capital ants and cributions	in	et (Expense) devenue and Change Net Position Total overnmental Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities Public safety Administrative	\$ 12,236,067 4,037	\$	1,365,192	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	(10,870,875) (4,037)
Total governmental activities	12,240,104		1,365,192		_		_		(10,874,912)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 12,240,104	\$	1,365,192	\$	-	\$	-		(10,874,912)
		Ta In In	eral Revenues axes Property Replacement Foreign fire in: vestment incor surance reimbrations	ne	t				10,435,461 165,711 66,109 37,615 50,021 83,691
			Total						10,838,608
		CH	ANGE IN NET	POSIT	ION				(36,304)
		NET	POSITION,	IUNE 1					(9,609,899)
		NE'	Γ POSITION,	MAY 3	31			\$	(9,646,203)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

May 31, 2017

	_	General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,541,608	\$	5,199,330	\$	192,733	\$	7,933,671
Receivables								
Property taxes		9,982,279		-		548,190		10,530,469
IRMA excess surplus		412,040		-		-		412,040
Miscellaneous		10,033		-		-		10,033
Interest		-		20,994		-		20,994
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,945,960	\$	5,220,324	\$	740,923	\$	18,907,207
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	42,548	\$	-	\$	316	\$	42,864
Accrued payroll		49,076		-		-		49,076
Total liabilities		91,624		-		316		91,940
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue - propertry taxes		9,982,279		-		548,190		10,530,469
Unavailable revenue - IRMA surplus credit		412,040		-		-		412,040
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,982,279		_		548,190		10,530,469
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		10,073,903		-		548,506		10,622,409
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted								
Audit		-		-		14,259		14,259
Insurance		-		-		81,506		81,506
Retirement		-		-		12,601		12,601
Public safety		-		-		84,051		84,051
Unrestricted								
Assigned								
Capital projects		-		5,220,324		-		5,220,324
Unassigned		2,460,017		-		-		2,460,017
Total fund balances	_	2,460,017		5,220,324		192,417		7,872,758
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	*	10 500 000	Φ.	5.000.001	Φ.	740.000	¢	10 405 1 55
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	12,533,920	\$	5,220,324	\$	740,923	\$	18,495,167

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

May 31, 2017

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 7,872,758
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	7,410,331
Other long-term assets (IRMA surplus credit) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in governmental funds	412,040
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings for the Firefighters' Pension Fund are recognized as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position	4,876,566
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings for the Firefighters' Pension Fund are recognized as deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position	(10,208,140)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Compensated absences	(575,163)
Net pension liability	(19,280,301)
Other postemployment benefit obligation	 (154,294)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (9,646,203)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

	General		Capital Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	9,603,963 \$	-	\$ 831,498	\$	10,435,461
Replacement taxes		165,711	_	, -		165,711
Foreign fire insurance tax		-	-	66,109		66,109
Plan review fees		11,955	-	-		11,955
False alarm fines		6,325	_	_		6,325
Ambulance fees		1,288,947	-	-		1,288,947
Investment income		-	37,615	-		37,615
Insurance reimbursement		-	-	50,021		50,021
Miscellaneous		82,009	-	-		82,009
Total revenues		11,158,910	37,615	947,628		12,144,153
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public safety		10,315,333	-	843,072		11,158,405
Capital outlay		132,117	149,812	14,417		296,346
Administrative		-	4,037	-		4,037
Total expenditures		10,447,450	153,849	857,489		11,458,788
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		711,460	(116,234)	90,139		685,365
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		(2,500,000)	2,500,000	- -		2,500,000 (2,500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,500,000)	2,500,000	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(1,788,540)	2,383,766	90,139		685,365
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 1		4,248,557	2,836,558	102,278		7,187,393
FUND BALANCES, MAY 31	\$	2,460,017 \$	5,220,324	\$ 192,417	\$	7,872,758

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 685,365
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	16,694
The change in other postemployment benefit obligation is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	(46,065)
The change in Firefighters' Pension Fund net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources are not a source or use of a financial resource	(140,586)
The change in compensated absences is reported as a reduction of expense on the statement of activities	(55,737)
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available in governmental funds are not reported as revenue in governmental funds (IRMA surplus credit)	59,647
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Depreciation Loss on disposal of capital assets	 (455,813) (99,809)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (36,304)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

May 31, 2017

ASSETS	
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,147,530
Investments	
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	13,825,525
Mutual funds	24,178,213
Total investments	38,003,738
	01.272
Accrued interest	91,373
Prepaid expenses	10,071
Total assets	39,252,712
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	6,724
Deferred revenue	218,977
T (11' 1 '1')	225 701
Total liabilities	225,701
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR	
PENSIONS	\$ 39,027,011

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Employer contributions	\$ 2,206,852
Employee contributions	 464,185
Total contributions	 2,671,037
Investment income	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	2,572,292
Interest	 1,161,644
Total investment income	3,733,936
Less investment expense	 (53,507)
Net investment income	 3,680,429
Total additions	 6,351,466
DEDUCTIONS	
Pension benefits	1,793,118
Administrative expenses	43,272
Total deductions	 1,836,390
NET INCREASE	4,515,076
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	
June 1	 34,511,935
May 31	\$ 39,027,011

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

May 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District (the District), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The District is a body corporate and politic established under Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) to provide fire protection and ambulance services. These financial statements include all functions, programs and activities under the control of the Board of Trustees of the District. The District is considered to be a primary government pursuant to GASB Statement No. 61 since it is legally separate and fiscally independent.

b. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report on its financial position and changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted, committed or assigned for monies (special revenue funds) and the funds restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the funds restricted, committed or assigned for servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds) and the management of funds held in trust that can be used for governmental services (permanent fund). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the District not accounted for in some other fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a pension trust fund is used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, if any, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All financial resources, except those accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. The General Fund is segregated into three subfunds to account for the operations of the fire services and emergency medical services (EMS) and for pension contributions.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the District reports the Firefighters' Pension Fund as a fiduciary fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Additions are recorded when earned and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days). The District recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures become due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue and charges for services.

The District reports deferred, unearned and unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Deferred and unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow of resources for deferred or unavailable revenue or the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased are stated at cost. Investments with a maturity of one year or greater when purchased are reported at fair value. Fair value has been based on quoted market prices at May 31, 2017 for debt and equity securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., parking lots and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$10,000 for machinery, equipment and vehicles; \$100,000 for buildings and improvements; and \$200,000 for land and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or service capacity of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
- · · · ·	20.70
Buildings and improvements	30-50
Vehicles and equipment	5-20

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses using the consumption method.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities financial statements. Principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements but as a reduction of a liability on the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

i. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick that is owed to retirees or terminated employees is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick of governmental activities at the government-wide level is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

j. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the District. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the District's Board of Trustees, which is considered the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Fire Chief by the District's Board of Trustees. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund is reported as unassigned. Any deficits in other governmental funds are also reported as unassigned.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the District considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

The District has established fund balance reserve policies in its General Fund. Fund balance in the General Fund is to be maintained at a minimum level of 25% of annual budgeted expenditures for the next fiscal year. The Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds do not have established fund balance limits due to the nature of the transactions accounted for in these funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net position has not been restricted by enabling legislation adopted by the District. Net investment in capital assets is the book value of capital assets less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct the capital assets.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2016 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2016, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a tax levy ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2017, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2017 and September 1, 2017. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. Because the 2016 levy is intended to finance the fiscal year ended May 31, 2018, it has been offset by unavailable/deferred revenue at May 31, 2017. The 2017 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2017, has not been recorded as a receivable as of May 31, 2017, as the tax has not yet been levied by the District and will not be levied until December 2017 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at May 31, 2017.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

a. District Investments

The District's investment policy follows ILCS which authorize the District to make deposits or invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and Illinois Funds (a money market mutual fund created by the state legislature under the control of the Illinois State Treasurer that maintain a \$1 per share value).

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the pension trust fund. This pool contains cash held in a regular checking account. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the District's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust fund are held separately from those of other funds.

b. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. To guard against credit risk, the investment policy leaves to the Treasurer's discretion if deposits with financial institutions in excess of FDIC should be collateralized with collateral held by a third party acting as an agent of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Investments

As of May 31, 2017, the District had the following investments in debt securities:

			Maturity (in Years)							
Investment Type	I	Fair Value		0-5		6-10		10+		
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	249,922	\$	249,922	\$	-	\$	-	-	
U.S. agency obligations Municipal bonds		1,315,184 344,502		289,701		1,025,483 344,502		-	-	
Negotiable certificates of deposit		2,091,617		-		2,091,617		-		
TOTAL	\$	4,001,225	\$	539,623	\$	3,461,602	\$	-	-	

The District limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maintaining a balanced portfolio as set by the Board of Trustees in terms on maturity

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of May 31, 2017. The U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, municipal bonds and negotiable certificates of deposit are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

The District limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government and securities issued by certain agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The District's U.S. agency obligations are rated AA+ to AAA. The District's municipal bonds are rated AA to AA+. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated but are all covered by FDIC insurance.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the District's investment policy requires all investments be held by an agent of the District in the District's name. Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the District has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The District's investment policy is silent on concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. INTERFUND DISCLOSURES

Transfers to/from other funds at May 31, 2017 consist of the following:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund Capital Projects	\$ - 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000

The purpose of the significant transfers in/out are as follows:

• \$2,500,000 - The General Fund transferred funds to the Capital Projects Fund for future capital improvements. The transfer will not be repaid.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended May 31, 2017 was as follows:

	ŀ	Balances,					Balances,	
				Increases		ecreases	May 31	_
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,375,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 1,375,000	
Construction in progress		12,000		_		12,000	=	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,387,000		-		12,000	1,375,000	_
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		6,980,082		_		450,000	6,530,082	
Vehicles		3,955,756		16,694		· -	3,972,450	
Equipment		463,266		12,000		32,698	442,568	
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,399,104		28,694		482,698	10,945,100	_
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings and improvements		2,621,672		164,924		360,000	2,426,596	
Vehicles		2,042,365		229,340		· -	2,271,705	
Equipment		172,808		61,549		22,889	211,468	
Total accumulated depreciation		4,836,845		455,813		382,889	4,909,769	_
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		6,562,259	((427,119)		99,809	6,035,331	_
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	7,949,259	\$ ((427,119)	\$	111,809	\$ 7,410,331	_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Public safety

\$ 455,813

6. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in general long-term debt of the District for the year ended May 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance June 1 Incr		Increases Decreases				Balance creases Decreases May 31		Decreases		Decreases				Current Portion
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability Net other postemployment	\$ 519,426 30,410,042	\$	107,680	\$	51,943 11,129,741	\$	575,163 19,280,301	\$	57,516 -						
benefit obligation	 108,229		46,065				154,294								
TOTAL	\$ 31,037,697	\$	153,745	\$	11,181,684	\$	20,009,758	\$	57,516						

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the compensated absences, the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit obligation.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The employee health risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the fiscal year or prior two fiscal years.

a. Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency

The District participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an insurance pool whose members are Illinois municipalities and other local governments. IRMA manages and funds first party property losses, third party liability claims, workers' compensation claims and public officials' liability claims of its member municipalities. The District's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

a. Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (Continued)

Each member assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has self-insurance retentions at various amounts above that level. There have been no significant changes from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the prior three years.

Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. In addition, there are two officers, a Risk Manager and a Treasurer. The District does not exercise any control over the activities of IRMA beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined in advance of each membership year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and assessment factors based on past member experience and the funding need for the membership year. The Board of Directors may require that supplemental contributions be made by members to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the obligations applicable to the membership year. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. The District is not aware of any additional amounts owed to IRMA at May 31, 2017 for the current or prior two claim years.

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions

Full-time fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Fund which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by ILCS (Chapter 40 - Article 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The District accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. No separate financial statements are available for the plan.

The plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the District's President, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active firefighter employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Plan Membership

At May 31, 2017, the Firefighters' Pension Fund membership consisted of:

Inactive members current receiving benefits	28
Inactive members entitle to but not	
yet receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	50
TOTAL	79

Benefits Provided

The following is a summary of benefits of the plan as provided for in ILCS:

The Firefighters' Pension Fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their salary to the Firefighters' Pension Fund. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without interest. The costs of administering the Firefighters' Pension Plan are financed through investment earnings. The District is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the District has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past services costs for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. For the year ended May 31, 2017, the District's contribution was 44.53% of covered payroll.

Investment Policy

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy authorizes the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest in all investments allowed by ILCS. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, "investment grade" corporate bonds, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and Illinois Funds. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy does limit their deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Investment Policy (Continued)

It is the policy of the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Firefighters' Pension Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The investment portfolio should be in accordance with the asset allocation guidelines of equities in the target range of 54%, fixed income in the target range of 45% and cash and cash equivalents in the target range of 1%.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy allows the Firefighters' Pension Fund to invest in up to 65% in equities and mutual funds in accordance with ILCS and establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
CASH	1.0%	
FIXED INCOME	41.0%	
Government Bonds	36.0%	1.7%
Government Credit Short Term	5.0%	1.9%
EQUITIES	58.0%	
U.S. Large Cap Equities	6.0%	4.5%
U.S. Large Cap Value Equities	6.0%	4.7%
U.S. Mid Cap Value Equities	7.0%	5.2%
U.S. Small Cap Equities	7.0%	5.6%
U.S. Small Cap Value Equities	7.0%	6.5%
International Developed Equities	5.0%	4.5%
International Value Equities	5.0%	6.6%
International Small Equities	5.0%	7.5%
Emerging Markets	7.0%	7.5%
Real Estate	3.0%	3.9%

The long-term expected real rates of return are net of a 3% factor for inflation and investment expense. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Investment Policy (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment management consultant in September 2017 in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Firefighters' Pension Fund's target asset allocation as of May 31, 2017 are listed in the table above.

Concentrations

There are no significant investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investments.

Rate of Return

For the year ended May 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.67%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for its deposits in excess of federal depository insurance. However, all deposits at May 31, 2017 are covered by federal depository insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's debt securities as of May 31, 2017:

			Maturity (Years)						
Investment Type		Fair Value		0-5		6-10		10+	
U.S. agency obligations U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	8,037,155 5,788,370	\$	3,528,210 5,520,657	\$	3,537,801 267,713	\$	971,144 -	
TOTAL	\$	13,825,525	\$	9,048,867	\$	3,805,514	\$	971,144	

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of May 31, 2017. The U.S. Treasury and agency obligations are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

Interest rate risk is the risk that change in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Firefighters' Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit Risk

The Firefighters' Pension Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government and securities issued by certain agencies of the U.S. Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's U.S. agency obligations are rated AA+. The money market mutual funds are not rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Firefighters' Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. It is the practice of the Firefighters' Pension Fund to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk by requiring that all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk are processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis, with the underlying agent separate from where the investment was purchased in the Firefighters' Pension Fund's name. The money market mutual funds, mutual funds and insurance contracts are not subject to custodial credit risk. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's policy is silent as to custodial credit risk.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
DATANGES AT			
BALANCES AT			
JUNE 1, 2016	\$ 64,921,977	\$ 34,511,935	\$ 30,410,042
Changes for the period			
Service cost	1,256,746	_	1,256,746
Interest	4,328,118	_	4,328,118
Difference between expected	, ,		, ,
and actual experience	(493,613)	-	(493,613)
Changes in assumptions	(9,912,798)	-	(9,912,798)
Employer contributions	-	2,206,852	(2,206,852)
Employee contributions	-	464,185	(464,185)
Net investment income	-	3,680,429	(3,680,429)
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,793,118)	(1,793,118)	-
Administrative expense		(43,272)	43,272
Net changes	(6,614,665)	4,515,076	(11,129,741)
BALANCES AT			
	¢ 50 207 212	¢ 20.027.011	¢ 10.290.201
MAY 31, 2017	\$ 58,307,312	\$ 39,027,011	\$ 19,280,301

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	May 31, 2017

Actuarial cost method Entry-age Normal

Assumptions

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 4.25% to 16.68%

Interest rate 6.76%

Cost of living adjustments 3.00%

Asset valuation method Market

The mortality rates and actuarial assumptions were based on results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the actuary in 2016.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at May 31, 2017 was 6.76%. The discount rate at May 31, 2016 was 5.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was blended with the index rate of 3.69% for tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds rated AA or better at May 31, 2017 to arrive at a discount rate of 6.76% used to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 6.76% as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.76%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.76%) than the current rate:

		Current							
	19	% Decrease	Decrease Dis		1	% Increase			
		(5.76%)		(6.76%)		(7.76%)			
Net pension liability	\$	28,753,174	\$	19,280,301	\$	11,655,551			

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended May 31, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,347,438. At May 31, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Firefighters' Pension Fund from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows of		Deferred nflows of	
		Resources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	191,819 2,696,779 1,987,968	\$	437,328 8,782,490 988,322	
TOTAL	\$	4,876,566	\$.	10,208,140	

Changes in the net pension liability related to the difference in actual and expected experience, or changes in assumptions regarding future events, are recognized in pension expense over the expected remaining service life of all employees (active and retired) in the plan. Differences in projected and actual earnings over the measurement period are recognized over a five-year period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Firefighters' Pension Fund will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending May 31,	
2018	\$ (371,487)
2019	(371,487)
2020	(371,487)
2021	(1,034,141)
2022	(787,062)
Thereafter	(2,395,910)
TOTAL	\$ (5,331,574)

9. OTHER BENEFITS - EMPLOYEES' DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The following description of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) provides only general information. Participants should refer to the plan agreement for a more complete description of the Plan's provisions. The provisions of the Plan may be terminated or amended at any time. The Plan shall not be amended or terminated except in writing signed by the Board. The administrator of the Plan is Genworth Financial Trust Company. The assets and liabilities of the Plan are in trust and are not recorded as part of the District's financial statements.

The Plan is to provide a means by which employees who are not eligible to participate in the State Retirement Fund may receive similar benefits. All full-time employees of the District as selected and approved for participation by the District's Board of Trustees shall be eligible to participate in the Plan. All participants are eligible to contribute a percentage of their compensation to the Plan to the maximum amount set by the IRS in a given year. The District at the end of each month contributed a percentage of the participant's monthly compensation regardless of the amount deferred by the participant. The District contributed \$29,557 to the Plan for the year ended May 31, 2017. A participant shall always be 100% vested in the value of their deferral and shall vest in a portion of the value of the District deferral after four years of service and become fully vested after ten years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the District provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual, except for the implicit subsidy which is governed by the State Legislature and ILCS. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the District's governmental activities.

b. Benefits Provided

The District provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the District's retirement plan. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree is no longer eligible to participate in the plan, but can purchase a Medicare supplement plan from the District's insurance provider.

c. Membership

At May 31, 2016 (most recent information available), membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	11
Terminated employees entitled	
to benefits but not yet receiving them	-
Active employees	56
TOTAL	67
	1
Participating employers	l_

d. Funding Policy

The District is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

e. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

NET OPEB OBLIGATION, END OF YEAR

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the last three years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		Percentage of Annual Annual Employer OPEB Cost OPEB Cost Contributions Contributed					et OPEB
2015 2016 2017	\$	30,469 94,432 94,644	\$	23,417 44,981 48,579	77.0% 47.6% 51.3%		58,778 108,229 154,294
The net OPEB obli	gation	as of May	31, 2	2017, was cal	culated as follo	ws:	
Annual required contents on net OP Adjustment to annual required contents on the contents of t	EB obl	igation	ribut	ion	_	\$	94,180 4,329 (3,865)
Annual OPEB cos Contributions mad					_		94,644 48,579
Increase in net OP Net OPEB obligat		46,065 108,229					

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of May 31, 2016 (most recent available) was as follows:

\$

154,294

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,009,140
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	1,009,140
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,049,732
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	19.98%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

e. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the May 31, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry-age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate of 4.0% and an initial healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0% with an ultimate healthcare inflation rate of 5.0% after seven years. Both rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the District has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at May 31, 2017 was 30 years.

11. CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of theses lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

		riginal and nal Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Property taxes				
Property taxes	\$	9,553,618	\$	9,603,963
Replacement tax	Ψ	145,000	Ψ	165,711
Plan review fees		11,500		11,955
False alarm fines		2,000		6,325
Ambulance fees		880,941		1,288,947
Miscellaneous		112,000		82,009
Total revenues		10,705,059		11,158,910
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Personnel		7,669,258		8,509,970
Administrative		1,341,488		1,257,697
Maintenance		550,911		547,656
Miscellaneous		500		10
Capital outlay		147,941		132,117
Total expenditures		9,710,098		10,447,450
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		994,961		711,460
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (out)		(994,961)		(2,500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(994,961)		(2,500,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	:	(1,788,540)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1				4,248,557
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31			\$	2,460,017

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31,	2015	2016	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,148,670	\$ 1,010,485	\$ 1,166,874
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 1,151,258	1,172,985	2,206,852
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ (2,588)	\$ (162,500)	\$ (1,039,978)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,173,879	\$ 4,866,528	\$ 4,954,196
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	22.25%	24.10%	44.55%

The actuarially determined contributions presented above are based on the minimum funding levels required by the State of Illinois.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE MAY 31,		2015		2016		2017
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service cost	\$	1,496,547	\$	1,600,903	\$	1,256,746
Interest		3,202,671		3,260,978		4,328,118
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		244,883		(493,613)
Changes of assumptions		-		3,442,776		(9,912,798)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,501,139)		(1,675,394)		(1,793,118)
Net change in total pension liability		3,198,079		6,874,146		(6,614,665)
Total pension liability - beginning		54,849,752		58,047,831		58,047,831
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	58,047,831	\$	64,921,977	\$	51,433,166
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION						
Contributions - employer	\$	1,151,258	\$	1,172,985	\$	2,206,852
Contributions - member	·	433,168	·	454,480	·	464,185
Net investment income		1,383,808		(835,569)		3,680,429
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,501,139)		(1,675,394)		(1,793,118)
Administrative expense		(52,191)		(48,829)		(43,272)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,414,904		(932,327)		4,515,076
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		34,029,358		35,444,262		34,511,935
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	35,444,262	\$	34,511,935	\$	39,027,011
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$	22,603,569	\$	30,410,042	\$	12,406,155
Plan fiduciary net position						
as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.06%		53.16%		75.88%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,173,879	\$	4,866,528	\$	5,410,371
Employer's net pension liability						
as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		436.88%		624.88%		229.30%

In 2016, there was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to reflect revised expections with respect to the funding policy, mortality rates. In 2017, the discount rate, was changed from 5.70% to 6.76%.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31,	2015	2016	2017		
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	4.10%	(2.27%)	10.67%		

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

May 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date May 31,	Valuation Actuarial Liability Date Value of (AAL)		(3) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)
2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2013	\$ -	\$ 415,060	0.00%	\$ 415,060	\$ 4,724,968	8.78%
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016	-	1,009,140	0.00%	1,009,140	5,049,732	19.98%
2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Information not available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

May 31, 2017

Fiscal Year May 31,	Employer Contributions				Ob	Net ension oligation (NPO)
2012	\$ 15,848	\$	26,722	59.31%	\$	33,622
2013	15,848		26,723	59.30%		44,721
2014	23,417		30,124	77.74%		51,726
2015	23,417		30,124	77.74%		58,778
2016	44,981		94,180	47.76%		108,229
2017	48,579		94,180	51.58%		154,294

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

May 31, 2017

BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue and capital projects funds (except the Foreign Fire Insurance Fund). Budgeted amounts used for comparison in this report are obtained from the Annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinances for the District. The budget amounts included in the financial statements are the final adopted budgets, including all amendments. There were no amendments to the budget during the current fiscal year. The budget is prepared substantially on the modified accrual basis of accounting and is controlled at the fund level. All budgets lapse at year end.

The General Fund and Social Security Fund had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses over budget for the fiscal year of \$737,352 and \$660, respectively.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

GENERAL FUND BY SUBFUND

May 31, 2017

	Corporate		Ambulance		Pension	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,103,374	\$	1,438,234	\$ -	\$ 2,541,608
Receivables		,,-		, , -		,- ,
Property taxes		4,436,994		4,162,736	1,382,549	9,982,279
IRMA excess surplus		412,040		-	-	412,040
Miscellaneous		10,033		-	-	10,033
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,962,441	\$	5,600,970	\$ 1,382,549	\$ 12,945,960
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	22,504	\$	20,044	\$ -	\$ 42,548
Accrued payroll		34,972		14,104	-	49,076
Total liabilities		57,476		34,148	-	91,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - propertry taxes		4,436,994		4,162,736	1,382,549	9,982,279
Unavailable revenue - IRMA surplus credit		412,040		-	-	412,040
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,849,034		4,162,736	1,382,549	10,394,319
Total liabilities and deferred inflows						
of resources		4,906,510		4,196,884	1,382,549	10,485,943
FUND BALANCES						
Unrestricted						
Unassigned		1,055,931		1,404,086	-	2,460,017
Total fund balances		1,055,931		1,404,086	-	2,460,017
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,962,441	\$	5,600,970	\$ 1,382,549	\$ 12,945,960

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND BY SUBFUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

	Corpora	ate	Ambu	lance	Pensi	ion	Total			
	Original and		Original and		Original and		Original and			
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES										
Property taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 4,308,189 \$	4,330,063	\$ 4,045,429	\$ 4,067,048	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,206,852	\$ 9,553,618	\$ 9,603,963		
Replacement tax	145,000	165,711	-	-	-	-	145,000	165,711		
Plan review fees	11,500	11,955	-	-	-	-	11,500	11,955		
False alarm fines	2,000	6,325	-	-	-	-	2,000	6,325		
Ambulance fees	-	-	880,941	1,288,947	-	-	880,941	1,288,947		
Miscellaneous	88,500	76,665	23,500	5,344	-		112,000	82,009		
Total revenues	4,555,189	4,590,719	4,949,870	5,361,339	1,200,000	1,206,852	10,705,059	11,158,910		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Personnel	3,388,747	4,298,123	3,080,511	3,004,995	1,200,000	1,206,852	7,669,258	8,509,970		
Administrative	357,000	291,604	984,488	966,093	-	-	1,341,488	1,257,697		
Maintenance	338,488	342,940	212,423	204,716	-	-	550,911	547,656		
Miscellaneous	500	10	=	=	-	-	500	10		
Capital outlay	88,323	74,500	59,618	57,617	-	-	147,941	132,117		
Total expenditures	4,173,058	5,007,177	4,337,040	4,233,421	1,200,000	1,206,852	9,710,098	10,447,450		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	382,131	(416,458)	612,830	1,127,918	-	-	994,961	711,460		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers (out)	(382,131)	(1,500,000)	(612,830)	(1,000,000)	-	-	(994,961)	(2,500,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(382,131)	(1,500,000)	(612,830)	(1,000,000)	-	-	(994,961)	(2,500,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ -	(1,916,458)	\$ -	127,918	\$ -	-	\$ -	(1,788,540)		
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 1	_	2,972,389		1,276,168		-		4,248,557		
FUND BALANCES, MAY 31		1,055,931		\$ 1,404,086	: =	\$ -	- :	\$ 2,460,017		

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND BY SUBFUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2017

	Corporate		Ambulance		Pension		Total	
	Original and		Original and		Original and		Original and	
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Personnel								
Salaries	\$ 2,404,678	\$ 2,349,480	\$ 2,404,678	\$ 2,349,480	\$ - \$	-	\$ 4,809,356	\$ 4,698,960
Compensation - trustees	5,800	5,750	5,800	5,750	-	-	11,600	11,500
Overtime	413,374	422,988	200,958	218,828	-	-	614,332	641,816
Employee insurance	20,500	19,811	-	-	-	-	20,500	19,811
Hospitalization insurance	502,820	464,914	462,500	425,314	-	-	965,320	890,228
Health and safety	6,575	5,623	6,575	5,623	-	-	13,150	11,246
Pension contributions	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,200,000	1,206,852	1,200,000	2,206,852
Administration pension	35,000	29,557		-		-	35,000	29,557
Total personnel	3,388,747	4,298,123	3,080,511	3,004,995	1,200,000	1,206,852	7,669,258	8,509,970
Administrative								
Consultants	16,500	14,274	8,500	8,206	-	-	25,000	22,480
Dispatching	73,000	73,330	73,000	73,330	-	-	146,000	146,660
Fire commission	72,250	60,227	-	-	-	-	72,250	60,227
Fire investigation	11,000	6,220	-	-	-	-	11,000	6,220
Paramedic services	-	-	737,000	737,207	-	-	737,000	737,207
Billing	-	-	35,238	51,708	-	-	35,238	51,708
Dues/subscriptions	5,000	2,773	5,000	2,773	-	-	10,000	5,546
Legal fees	51,500	40,548	51,500	40,548	-	-	103,000	81,096
Office supplies	-	-	38,700	30,582	-	-	38,700	30,582
Computer services	38,700	30,582	-	-	-	-	38,700	30,582
Telephone	26,050	18,511	26,050	18,511	-	-	52,100	37,022
Training	33,500	33,862	-	-	-	-	33,500	33,862
Conferences/schools	23,500	9,160	3,500	1,111	-	-	27,000	10,271
Administration	6,000	2,117	6,000	2,117	-	-	12,000	4,234
Total administrative	357,000	291,604	984,488	966,093	-	-	1,341,488	1,257,697

	Corporate		Ambulance		Pension		Total	
	Original and		Original and		Original and		Original and	
	Final Budget	Actual						
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Current (Continued)								
Maintenance								
Fuel	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,584	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,584	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 41,168
Vehicle maintenance	68,600	100,661	29,400	41,845	-	-	98,000	142,506
Building maintenance	58,150	52,432	58,150	52,431	-	-	116,300	104,863
Equipment maintenance	148,738	132,961	61,873	53,555	-	-	210,611	186,516
Gas, electric, water and garbage	32,600	32,425	32,600	32,424	-	-	65,200	64,849
Communication	5,400	3,877	5,400	3,877	-	-	10,800	7,754
Total maintenance	338,488	342,940	212,423	204,716	<u>-</u>		550,911	547,656
Miscellaneous								
Miscellaneous	500	10	-	-	-	-	500	10
Total miscellaneous	500	10	-	-	-	-	500	10
Capital outlay								
Firefighting equipment	46,323	40,705	59,618	57,617	_	_	105,941	98,322
Turn out equipment/clothing	42,000	33,795	<u> </u>		-	-	42,000	33,795
Total capital outlay	88,323	74,500	59,618	57,617	-	-	147,941	132,117
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 4,173,058	\$ 5,007,177	\$ 4,337,040	\$ 4,233,421	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,206,852	\$ 9,710,098	\$ 10,447,450

BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

May 31, 2017

	 Capital Projects
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 5,199,330
Receivables	
Interest	 20,994
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,220,324
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES	
None	\$ -
FUND BALANCES	
Unrestricted	
Assigned	
Capital projects	 5,220,324
Total fund balances	 5,220,324
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,220,324

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Investment income	\$ 45,000	\$ 37,615
Total revenues	45,000	37,615
EXPENDITURES		
Capital outlay	631,000	149,812
Administrative		4,037
Total expenditures	631,000	153,849
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(586,000)	(116,234)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	994,961	2,500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	994,961	2,500,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 408,961	2,383,766
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1		2,836,558
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31		\$ 5,220,324

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Audit Fund - used to account for the expenditures restricted to the annual audit of the District's records and accounts. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

Tort Liability Insurance Fund - used to account for the expenditures restricted for liability, property, accident and sickness insurance expenditures. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

Social Security Fund - used to account for the expenditures restricted to the employer's portion of the Social Security and Medicare benefits. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

Foreign Fire Insurance Fund - used to account for revenues from the assessment of the foreign fire tax remitted directly to this fund, which maintains a separate bank account. Its own Board of Trustees controls the expenditures from this fund. Those expenditures, however, are to be used for the benefit of the District.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

May 31, 2017

ASSETS	 Audit	Iı	Tort mmunity	Social Security	reign Fire nsurance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$ 14,259 14,808	\$	81,822 436,798	\$ 12,601 96,584	\$ 84,051	\$	192,733 548,190
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 29,067	\$	518,620	\$ 109,185	\$ 84,051	\$	740,923
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	316	\$ -	\$ -	\$	316
Total liabilities	 -		316	-	-		316
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue	 14,808		436,798	96,584	-		548,190
Total deferred inflows of resources	 14,808		436,798	96,584	-		548,190
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of							
resources	 14,808		437,114	96,584	-		548,506
FUND BALANCES Restricted							
Audit	14,259		-	-	-		14,259
Insurance	-		81,506	-	-		81,506
Retirement	-		-	12,601	-		12,601
Public safety	 -		-	-	84,051		84,051
Total fund balances	 14,259		81,506	12,601	84,051		192,417
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 29,067	\$	518,620	\$ 109,185	\$ 84,051	\$	740,923

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Audit	Tort Immunity			Social Security	reign Fire surance	Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 14,766	\$	723,523	\$	93,209	\$ -	\$	831,498
Foreign fire insurance	-		-		-	66,109		66,109
Insurance reimbursement	 -		50,021		_	-		50,021
Total revenues	 14,766		773,544		93,209	66,109		947,628
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Administrative	12,064		716,342		93,195	3,210		824,811
Miscellaneous	-		_		-	18,261		18,261
Capital outlay	-		-		-	14,417		14,417
Total expenditures	 12,064		716,342		93,195	35,888		857,489
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,702		57,202		14	30,221		90,139
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 1	11,557		24,304		12,587	53,830		102,278
FUND BALANCES, MAY 31	\$ 14,259	\$	81,506	\$	12,601	\$ 84,051	\$	192,417

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AUDIT FUND

	,	ginal and al Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$	14,236	\$	14,766
Total revenues		14,236		14,766
EXPENDITURES Current				
Audit		14,236		12,064
Total expenditures		14,236		12,064
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	=	2,702
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1				11,557
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31			\$	14,259

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TORT IMMUNITY FUND

	•	ginal and al Budget		Actual		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	720,110	\$	723,523		
Insurance reimbursement		-		50,021		
Total revenues		720,110		773,544		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Salaries		432,110		433,535		
Liability insurance		280,000		275,968		
Unemployment		8,000		6,839		
Total expenditures		720,110		716,342		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	=	57,202		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1				24,304		
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31			\$	81,506		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

	ginal and l Budget		Actual
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 92,535	\$	93,209
Total revenues	 92,535		93,209
EXPENDITURES Current			
FICA/Medicare	 92,535		93,195
Total expenditures	 92,535		93,195
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	:	14
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1			12,587
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31		\$	12,601

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information displays about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have been changed over time.	52-59
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	60-65
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	66-69
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	70-71
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	72-74

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,984,697	\$ 8,614,484	\$ 6,821,181	\$ 6,951,624
Restricted				
Audit	-	-	-	4
Insurance	12,041	85,105	114,375	115,551
Retirement	22,304	20,113	16,383	15,932
Public safety	21,610	21,748	-	9,702
Unrestricted	 4,563,363	3,047,332	3,161,764	2,898,594
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 12,604,015	\$ 11,788,782	\$ 10,113,703	\$ 9,991,407

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016.

Data Source

2012	2013 2014		2015	2016	2017		
\$ 7,415,948	\$ 7,616,133	\$	7,901,188	\$ 7,921,617	\$ 7,949,259	\$	7,410,331
2,046	4,253		6,679	5,837	11,577		14,259
69,324	85,673		10,773	3,547	24,304		81,506
6,674	8,129		8,058	9,641	12,587		12,601
31,588	55,883		49,794	60,734	53,830		84,051
 2,285,591	2,012,544		1,780,580	1,835,818	(17,661,436)		(17,248,951)
	_		_				<u> </u>
\$ 9,811,171	\$ 9,782,615	\$	9,757,072	\$ 9,837,194	\$ (9,609,879)	\$	(9,646,203)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2008		2009		2010		2011
I ISCAL I CAL		2000		2007		2010		2011
EXPENSES								
Governmental activities								
Public safety	\$	8,659,233	\$	9,923,790	\$	10,168,714	\$	10,021,453
Interest expense		130,663		99,359		98,449		71,757
Administrative		-		-		-		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
EXPENSES	\$	8,789,896	\$	10,023,149	\$	10,267,163	\$	10,093,210
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Governmental activities	¢	226 224	\$	246 465	\$	201 409	\$	645 271
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	\$	226,224	Ф	246,465	Ф	201,498	Ф	645,271
Capital grants and contributions		-		201,825		17,901		-
				,		,		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
PROGRAM REVENUES	\$	226,224	\$	448,290	\$	219,399	\$	645,271
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)	\$	(8,563,672)	\$	(9,574,859)	\$	(10,047,764)	\$	(9,447,939)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER								
CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities								
Taxes	Ф	0.002.065	Ф	0.412.107	ф	0.021.002	Φ	0.050.122
Property	\$	8,002,865	\$	8,412,187	\$	8,921,083	\$	8,958,133
Replacement Intergovernmental - foreign fire insurance		176,439 33,605		157,266 34,789		128,278 37,163		159,027 40,400
Investment income		498,256		121,019		44,929		36,500
Gain on sale of assets		490,230		121,019		-		50,500
Insurance reimbursement		_		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		31,536		110,106		74,092		131,583
Total governmental activities		8,742,701		8,835,367		9,205,545		9,325,643
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	8,742,701	\$	8,835,367	\$	9,205,545	\$	9,325,643
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	179,029	\$	(739,492)	\$	(842,219)	\$	(122,296)

Data Source

2012	2013	2014			2015	2016	2017
\$ 10,406,788 59,622	\$ 10,395,608 47,152	\$	10,764,566 34,851	\$	11,175,992 22,547	\$ 12,380,001 10,277	\$ 12,236,067 - 4,037
\$ 10,466,410	\$ 10,442,760	\$	10,799,417	\$	11,198,539	\$ 12,390,278	\$ 12,240,104
\$ 811,059 - -	\$ 812,516 44,049	\$	805,377 - -	\$	923,200 - -	\$ 1,112,838 - -	\$ 1,365,192
\$ 811,059	\$ 856,565	\$	805,377	\$	923,200	\$ 1,112,838	\$ 1,365,192
\$ (9,655,351)	\$ (9,586,195)	\$	(9,994,040)	\$	(10,275,339)	\$ (11,277,440)	\$ (10,874,912)
\$ 9,175,170 144,609 44,290 24,104	\$ 9,304,162 147,717 45,449 18,354	\$	9,691,636 154,812 44,426 13,056	\$	9,986,152 162,039 46,669 5,954	\$ 10,171,014 149,177 47,568 18,444	\$ 10,435,461 165,711 66,109 37,615
 - 86,942	20,500 - 21,457		- 64,567		23,545 131,102	2,950 180,046	50,021 83,691
9,475,115	9,557,639		9,968,497		10,355,461	10,569,199	10,838,608
\$ 9,475,115	\$ 9,557,639	\$	9,968,497	\$	10,355,461	\$ 10,569,199	\$ 10,838,608
\$ (180,236)	\$ (28,556)	\$	(25,543)	\$	80,122	\$ (708,241)	\$ (36,304)

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2008		2009		2010		2011
GENERAL FUND								
Nonspendable - prepaid items	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,296
Unassigned	Ψ	2,537,106	Ψ	2,906,984	Ψ	2,664,969	Ψ	2,830,468
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$	2,537,106	\$	2,906,984	\$	2,664,969	\$	2,833,764
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS								
Restricted								
Audit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4
Insurance		12,041		85,105		114,375		115,551
Retirement		22,304		20,113		16,383		15,932
Public safety		21,610		21,748		(69)		9,702
Unassigned								
Capital projects		4,806,595		2,998,753		2,146,483		1,985,216
TOTAL ALL OTHER								
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	4,862,550	\$	3,125,719	\$	2,277,172	\$	2,126,405

Data Source

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ - 3,065,090	\$ 62,054 3,099,511	\$ 900 3,348,838	\$ 3,522,238	\$ - 4,248,557	\$ - 2,460,017
\$ 3,065,090	\$ 3,161,565	\$ 3,349,738	\$ 3,522,238	\$ 4,248,557	\$ 2,460,017
\$ 2,046 69,324 6,674 31,588	\$ 4,253 85,673 8,129 55,883	\$ 6,679 10,773 8,058 49,794	\$ 5,837 3,547 9,641 60,734	\$ 11,557 24,304 12,587 53,830	\$ 14,259 81,506 12,601 84,051
 1,792,808	2,037,217	2,177,482	2,486,362	2,836,558	5,220,324
\$ 1,902,440	\$ 2,191,155	\$ 2,252,786	\$ 2,566,121	\$ 2,938,836	\$ 5,412,741

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2008	2009	2010	2011
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	8,002,865 \$	8,412,187 \$	8,921,083 \$	8,958,133
Personal property replacement taxes	Ψ	176,439	157,266	128,278	159,027
Foreign fire insurance		33,605	34,789	37,163	40,400
Charges for services		204,012	228,229	179,712	624,678
Intergovernmental			201,825	17,901	-
Investment income		498,256	121,019	44,929	36,500
Insurance reimbursement		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		53,748	121,230	49,368	42,897
Total revenues		8,968,925	9,276,545	9,378,434	9,861,635
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public safety					
Personnel		6,451,573	7,060,817	7,511,653	7,281,596
Administration		1,072,881	1,095,795	1,104,379	1,079,309
Maintenance		324,427	330,666	470,411	558,537
Insurance		213,823	204,335	209,505	199,856
Other		164	-	35,868	58,476
Capital outlay		428,329	1,526,305	538,902	323,687
Administrative		-	-	-	-
Debt service					
Principal retirement		333,333	333,333	333,333	333,333
Interest and fiscal charges		130,663	99,359	86,113	73,813
Total expenditures		8,955,193	10,650,610	10,290,164	9,908,607
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		13,732	(1,374,065)	(911,730)	(46,972)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		967,649	433,327	477,062	-
Transfers (out)		(967,649)	(433,327)	(477,062)	-
Sale of capital assets		-	37,112	15,609	65,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	37,112	15,609	65,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	13,732 \$	(1,336,953) \$	(896,121) \$	18,028
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF					
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES		5.44%	4.74%	4.30%	4.25%

Note: Other includes foreign fire insurance expenditures. Personnel includes retirement expenditures. Administration includes audit expenditures.

Data Source

 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 9,175,170	\$ 9,304,162	\$ 9,691,636	\$ 9,986,152	\$ 10,171,014	\$ 10,435,461
144,609	147,717	154,812	162,039	149,177	165,711
44,290	45,449	44,426	46,669	47,568	66,109
785,337	784,388	791,808	892,675	1,061,608	1,307,227
-	44,049	-	-	-	-
24,104	18,354	13,056	5,654	18,444	37,615
-	-	-	23,545	2,950	50,021
 288,235	29,342	55,644	61,526	85,930	82,009
 10,461,745	10,373,461	10,751,382	11,178,260	11,536,691	12,144,153
7,482,904	7,259,038	7,093,209	7,375,909	7,222,266	8,509,970
1,134,686	1,241,880	1,738,455	1,843,741	1,774,293	2,082,508
575,070	459,295	480,729	475,355	492,517	547,656
203,658	223,936	247,104	285,833	259,778	-
43,937	37,337	32,579	20,169	31,121	18,271
688,551	404,744	599,163	350,281	328,013	296,346
-	-	-	-	-	4,037
333,333	333,333	333,333	333,333	333,336	-
 61,678	49,208	36,906	24,604	12,333	-
 10,523,817	10,008,771	10,561,478	10,709,225	10,453,657	11,458,788
 (62,072)	364,690	189,904	469,035	1,083,034	685,365
200.000	450 544	500.001	102 (02	402.024	2 500 000
380,000	473,741	508,091	493,603	493,036	2,500,000
(380,000)	(473,741)	(508,091)	(493,603)	(493,036)	(2,500,000)
 69,433	20,500	59,900	16,500	16,000	-
 69,433	20,500	59,900	16,500	16,000	
\$ 7,361	\$ 385,190	\$ 249,804	\$ 485,535	\$ 1,099,034	\$ 685,365
 4.24%	3.99%	3.55%	3.47%	3.47%	0.00%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	esidential Property	(Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Farm Property	Railroad	,	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	A Ta	imated etual axable Value
2007	\$ 934,214,319	\$	179,659,120	\$ 357,669,952	\$ 39,099	\$ -	\$	1,471,582,490	0.5731	\$ 4,414,747,470		33.333%
2008	989,185,629		187,410,030	385,053,650	45,750	-		1,561,695,059	0.5729	4,685,085,177		33.333%
2009	984,242,340		186,425,540	373,013,280	50,241	-		1,543,731,401	0.5795	4,631,194,203		33.333%
2010	916,326,765		175,455,275	343,768,330	52,919	-		1,435,603,289	0.6415	4,306,809,867		33.333%
2011	864,222,107		173,510,995	342,463,501	56,360	-		1,380,252,963	0.6797	4,140,758,889		33.333%
2012	769,823,989		165,540,900	316,743,243	59,568	-		1,252,167,700	0.7747	3,756,503,100		33.333%
2013	716,033,819		156,992,965	297,267,600	63,070	376,896		1,170,734,350	0.8998	3,512,203,050		33.333%
2014	695,527,757		151,860,152	289,750,501	67,322	509,845		1,137,715,577	0.8998	3,413,146,731		33.333%
2015	713,249,925		164,848,680	307,634,028	56,413	-		1,185,789,046	0.8750	3,557,367,138		33.333%
2016	762,550,135		179,976,530	321,786,960	55,707	677,858		1,265,047,190	0.8366	3,795,141,570		33.333%

Note: Property in the District is reassessed each three years. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value. Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
DISTRICT DIRECT RATES										
Corporate	0.2680	0.2649	0.2721	0.3089	0.3317	0.3643	0.3910	0.3753	0.3631	0.3525
Ambulance	0.2083	0.2119	0.2159	0.2343	0.2512	0.2751	0.3015	0.3498	0.3410	0.3307
Tort liability	0.0189	0.0154	0.0130	0.0110	0.0176	0.0379	0.0590	0.0624	0.0607	0.0347
Firefighters pension	0.0651	0.0694	0.0697	0.0772	0.0682	0.0847	0.0797	0.0835	0.0799	0.0865
Firefighters pension exempt	0.0078	0.0065	0.0038	0.0044	0.0049	0.0055	0.0179	0.0196	0.0213	0.0233
Audit	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0007	0.0008	0.0009	0.0011	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012
Social Security	0.0045	0.0043	0.0044	0.0050	0.0053	0.0063	0.0076	0.0080	0.0078	0.0077
Total direct rates	0.5731	0.5729	0.5795	0.6415	0.6797	0.7747	0.8578	0.8998	0.8750	0.8366
OVERLAPPING RATES										
County of DuPage	0.1207	0.1137	0.1135	0.1212	0.1296	0.1410	0.1491	0.1504	0.1441	0.1351
DuPage Health Department	0.0444	0.0420	0.0419	0.0447	0.0477	0.0519	0.0549	0.0553	0.0530	0.0497
Forest Preserve District of DuPage County	0.1187	0.1206	0.1217	0.1321	0.1414	0.1542	0.1657	0.1691	0.1622	0.1514
Airport Authority	0.0170	0.0160	0.0148	0.0158	0.0169	0.0168	0.0178	0.0196	0.0188	0.0176
Townships	0.1404	0.1399	0.1422	0.1582	0.1732	0.1983	0.2207	0.2274	0.2091	0.1945
Library	0.2565	0.2413	0.2471	0.2682	0.2786	0.3071	0.3287	0.3400	0.3252	0.3046
Park District	0.3709	0.3736	0.3860	0.4271	0.4691	0.4950	0.6087	0.6570	0.6562	0.6395
School districts	5.4973	5.4807	5.5988	5.9857	6.3806	7.1661	7.7998	8.0071	7.8910	7.4821
Total overlapping rates	6.5659	6.5278	6.6660	7.1530	7.6371	8.5304	9.3454	9.6259	9.4596	8.9745
TOTAL DIRECT AND	7.1200	7 1007	7.0455	7.7045	0.2160	0.2051	10.0000	10.5055	10.2246	0.0111
OVERLAPPING RATES	7.1390	7.1007	7.2455	7.7945	8.3168	9.3051	10.2032	10.5257	10.3346	9.8111

Note: Due to overlapping jurisdictions, not all District residents are assessed taxes from all of the above governments.

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Clerk - Tax Bill

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Levy Year and Four Years Ago

		2016			2012	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Valuation
Lakehaven Apartments	\$ 14,970,000	1	1.18% \$	8,781,600	3	0.70%
Greenway Apartments	9,137,080	2	0.72%	6,864,960	6	0.55%
Sir Carol Stream	8,864,760	3	0.70%	8,457,130	4	0.68%
Windsor Park Manor	8,622,190	4	0.68%	9,440,930	1	0.75%
Tri State Distribution	7,686,080	5	0.61%	6,887,870	5	0.55%
Liberty Property Limited	7,376,490	6	0.58%	9,009,930	2	0.72%
Freidkin Realty	7,235,060	7	0.57%	6,438,610	7	0.51%
Shah, Niransan	6,720,120	8	0.53%	6,411,100	8	0.51%
Gateway Carol LLC	6,528,200	9	0.52%	5,843,110	10	0.47%
FIC America Corp	 6,333,560	10	0.50%	6,382,810	9	0.51%
	\$ 83,473,540		6.59% \$	74,518,050		5.95%

NOTE:

2012 is the earliest year available from the County.

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

		Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date
Levy Year	Tax Extended	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$ 8,434,951	\$ 8,412,187	99.73%	\$ -	\$ 8,412,187	99.73%
2008	8,948,619	8,921,083	99.69%	-	8,921,083	99.69%
2009	8,947,992	8,921,083	99.70%	-	8,921,083	99.70%
2010	9,211,850	9,175,170	99.60%	-	9,175,170	99.60%
2011	9,384,003	9,304,162	99.15%	-	9,304,162	99.15%
2012	9,703,296	9,691,636	99.88%	-	9,691,636	99.88%
2013	10,042,559	9,986,152	99.44%	-	9,992,979	99.51%
2014	10,237,165	10,171,015	99.35%	-	9,986,152	97.55%
2015	10,380,499	10,362,574	99.83%	-	10,178,607	98.06%
2016	10,583,385	10,428,011	98.53%	-	10,428,011	98.53%

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Treasurer

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX VALUATIONS, RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Years

LEVY YEAR		2007		2008	2009	2010
LEVI IEAK	-	2007		2008	2009	2010
EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 1.	,471,582,490	\$ 1	,561,695,059	\$ 1,543,731,401	\$ 1,435,603,289
TAX RATES BY SUBFUND						
Corporate		0.2680		0.2649	0.2721	0.3089
Ambulance		0.2083		0.2119	0.2159	0.2343
Tort liability		0.0189		0.0154	0.0130	0.0110
Social security		0.0045		0.0043	0.0044	0.0050
Audit		0.0005		0.0005	0.0006	0.0007
Firefighters' pension		0.0651		0.0694	0.0697	0.0772
Firefighters' pension exempt		0.0078		0.0065	0.0038	0.0044
TOTAL TAX RATE		0.5731		0.5729	0.5795	0.6415
TAX LEVY AS EXTENDED						
Corporate	\$	3,944,454	\$	4,137,702	\$ 4,201,464	\$ 4,435,760
Ambulance		3,065,783		3,309,849	3,333,687	3,364,515
Tort liability		278,172		240,546	200,731	157,958
Social Security		66,232		67,165	67,940	71,800
Audit		7,359		7,810	9,265	10,052
Firefighters' pension		958,150		1,084,018	1,076,230	1,108,581
Firefighters' pension exempt		114,801		101,529	58,675	63,184
TOTAL EXTENSIONS	\$	8,434,951	\$	8,948,619	\$ 8,947,992	\$ 9,211,850
TAXES COLLECTED TO DATE	\$	8,412,187	\$	8,921,083	\$ 8,921,083	\$ 9,175,170
PERCENT OF COLLECTION TO EXTENSION		99.73%		99.69%	99.70%	99.60%

· <u> </u>										
	2011	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
\$	1,380,252,963	\$ 1,252,167,700	\$	1,170,734,350	\$	1,137,715,577	\$	1,186,342,710	\$	1,265,047,190
	0.3317	0.3643		0.3910		0.3753		0.3631		0.3525
	0.2512	0.2751		0.3015		0.3498		0.3410		0.3307
	0.0176	0.0379		0.0590		0.0624		0.0607		0.0347
	0.0053	0.0063		0.0076		0.0080		0.0078		0.0077
	0.0008	0.0009		0.0011		0.0012		0.0012		0.0012
	0.0682	0.0847		0.0797		0.0835		0.0799		0.0865
	0.0049	0.0055		0.0179		0.0196		0.0213		0.0233
	0.6797	0.7747		0.8578		0.8998		0.8750		0.8366
\$	4,579,482	\$ 4,562,941	\$	4,577,571	\$	4,269,847	\$	4,307,610	\$	4,459,291
	3,468,091	3,445,691		3,529,764		3,979,729		4,045,429		4,183,511
	242,987	474,706		690,733		709,935		720,110		438,971
	73,172	78,909		88,976		91,017		92,535		97,409
	11,045	11,273		12,878		13,652		14,236		15,181
	941,576	1,060,887		933,075		949,992		947,888		1,094,266
	67,650	68,889		209,562		222,992		252,691		294,756
¢	0.294.002	¢ 0.702.207	¢	10.042.550	Ф	10 227 164	¢	10 200 400	Φ	10 502 205
\$	9,384,003	\$ 9,703,296	\$	10,042,559	\$	10,237,164	\$	10,380,499	\$	10,583,385
\$	9,304,162	\$ 9,691,636	\$	9,986,152	\$	10,171,015	\$	10,362,574	\$	10,428,011
	99.15%	99.88%		99.44%		99.35%		99.83%		98.53%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gove	ernmental Act	ivities	Percentage	Percentage	
Year	Installment	Capital	Primary	of	of Total	Per
Ended	Notes	Leases	Government	EAV	Income	Capita*
2008	\$ 2,666,667	\$ -	\$ 2,666,667	0.18%	0.26%	\$ 65.46
2009	2,333,334	_	2,333,334	0.15%	0.23%	57.28
2010	2,000,001	_	2,000,001	0.13%	0.17%	49.09
2011	1,666,668	_	1,666,668	0.12%	0.14%	41.97
2012	1,333,335	-	1,333,335	0.10%	0.12%	33.58
2013	1,000,002	-	1,000,002	0.08%	0.09%	25.18
2014	666,669	-	666,669	0.06%	0.05%	16.79
2015	333,333	_	333,333	0.03%	0.03%	8.39
2016	-	_	-	0.00%	0.00%	_
2017	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%	-

^{*} See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Information on page 70 for personal income and population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

May 31, 2017

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage Debt Applicable to the District (1)	District Share of Debt
Carol Stream Fire Protection District	\$ -	100.00%	\$ -
DuPage County DuPage County Forest Preserve District DuPage Water Commission	201,192,189 181,884,431	3.15% 3.15% 3.49%	6,337,554 5,729,360
Park Districts Carol Stream Glen Ellyn Wheaton	49,908,240 5,502,405 23,948,644	0.73%	42,881,160 40,168 144
Schools District No. 25 District No. 46 District No. 93	3,479,498 281,093,662 13,410,000	9.21%	1,557,423 25,888,726 8,701,749
District No. 87 District No. 200 District No. 41 District No. 94	70,935,000 148,740,000 5,527,084 5,276,032	6.46% 1.36%	10,384,884 9,608,604 75,168 509,665
District No. 502 District No. 509	257,390,000 178,504,771		7,695,961 14,405,335
Total overlapping debt TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	1,426,791,956 \$ 1,426,791,956	_	\$ 133,815,901 \$ 133,815,901

⁽¹⁾ Determined by applying the ratio of assessed value of the specific district to that portion which is in the District.

Data Source

Village of Carol Stream Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2008	2009	2010	2011
LEGAL DEBT LIMIT	\$	84,615,993 \$	89,797,466 \$	88,764,556 \$	82,547,189
TOTAL DEBT APPLICABLE TO LIMIT		2,666,667	2,333,334	2,000,001	1,666,668
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$	81,949,326 \$	87,464,132 \$	86,764,555 \$	80,880,521
TOTAL DEBT APPLICABLE TO THE LIMIT AS A PERCENTAGE OF DEBT LIMIT		3.25%	2.67%	2.31%	2.06%

											_		
	2012		2013		2014	2014 2015			2016		2017		
\$	79,364,545	\$	71,999,643	\$	67,317,225	\$	65,418,646	\$	68,214,706	\$	72,740,213		
	1,333,335		1,000,002		666,669		333,333		-		-		
\$	78,031,210	\$	70,999,641	\$	66,650,556	\$	65,085,313	\$	68,214,706	\$	72,740,213		
	1.71%		1.41%		1.00%		0.51%	0.51%			0.00%		
Legal debt margin calculation for fiscal 2017													
				Ass	essed value					\$	1,265,047,190		
	Legal debt margin										5.75%		
	Debt limit									72,740,213			
	Debt applicable to limit Fire protection notes												
		LEGAL DEBT MARGIN								\$	72,740,213		

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Per Capita Personal Income		Total Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2008	40,738	\$ 25,152	\$	1,024,642,176	4.50%
2009	40,738	25,152		1,024,642,176	9.10%
2010	40,738	29,505		1,201,974,690	9.30%
2011	39,711	29,505		1,171,673,055	7.60%
2012	39,711	28,982		1,150,904,202	7.90%
2013	39,711	29,578		1,174,571,958	8.50%
2014	39,711	30,577		1,214,243,247	7.30%
2015	39,711	30,424		1,208,167,464	4.80%
2016	39,711	30,679		1,218,293,769	4.60%
2017	39,711	30,552		1,213,250,472	4.70%

Data Source

Village of Carol Stream Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2017			2008
			% of			% of
		Number of	Total District		Number of	Total District
Employer	Rank	Employees	Population	Rank	Employees	Population
Peacock Engineering Company	1	650	1.64%	2	543	1.30%
FIC America Corp.	2	494	1.24%	1	635	1.60%
Fedex Ground Package System Inc.	3	368	0.93%	5	300	0.74%
American Litho Inc.	4	345	0.87%	S	300	0.7 170
Diamond Marketing Solutions Group Inc.	5	335	0.84%			
Office Depot Business Services	6	280	0.71%	6	274	0.67%
Owen & Minor Distribution Inc.	7	275	0.69%			
Windsor Park Manor	8	265	0.67%			
Tyndale House Publishers	9	260	0.65%	8	260	0.64%
Essendant Co (AKA United Stationers)	10	240	0.60%			
CNS Home Health				3	325	0.80%
Berlin Industries				4	320	0.79%
Altivity Packaging				7	270	0.66%
Invensys Appliance Controls				9	250	0.61%
Ingram Micro				10	225	0.55%
TOTAL		3,512	8.84%		3,402	8.36%

Data Source

Village of Carol Stream Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Chiefs Firefighters/Paramedics	5 46	5 46	5 46	5 46	5 46	6 46	6 46	6 46	6 46	6 45
Paid on Call	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Support Services	8	8	7	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Contract Personnel	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
							_			
TOTAL	75	75	67	66	66	66	66	66	66	65

Data Source

District internal records

OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
CALLS										
Structure fires	57	66	51	64	63	77	62	64	46	57
Other fires	108	88	77	84	78	44	67	85	54	81
Pressure rupture	6	14	5	5	14	11	16	6	14	12
Rescue and EMS calls	3,116	3,079	2,895	2,919	3,003	3,031	3,027	3,222	3,605	3,985
Hazardous condition	225	156	147	165	139	124	153	117	152	141
Service calls	191	179	171	155	180	222	240	235	225	260
Good intent calls	227	155	149	206	189	205	198	201	294	375
False calls	807	686	632	589	596	559	660	530	545	576
Miscellaneous	26	3	8	19	52	18	4	2	2	4
Unclassified	4	2	1	2	2	3	1	-	30	12
TOTAL	4,767	4,428	4,136	4,208	4,316	4,294	4,428	4,462	4,967	5,503

Data Source

District internal records

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
SUPPORT SERVICES										
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ladder trucks	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Engines/squad	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Rescue vehicle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ambulances	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Administration vehicles	10	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9

Data Source

District internal records