CAROL STREAM FIRE DISTRICT

CAROL STREAM, IL

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022









ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

> For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

> > Prepared By:

Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

MAY 31, 2022

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

William Natick - President

Richard Fisher – Secretary

Karl Langhammer – Treasurer

Brian Jordan – Trustee

James Panopoulos - Trustee

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Ken Anderko – Chairperson

Joe Pauling – Secretary

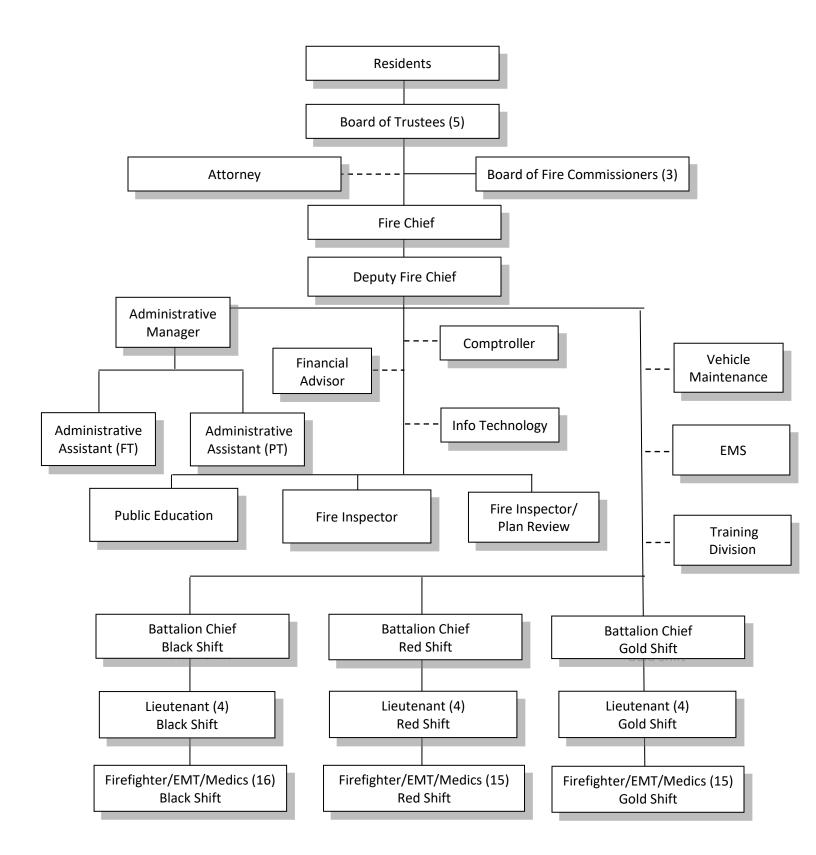
Robert Hoff - Commissioner

MANAGEMENT STAFF

Robert Schultz - Chief

Thomas Nash – Deputy Fire Chief

Carol Stream Fire Protection District Organizational Chart



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Carol Stream Fire Protection District Illinois

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

May 31, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Carol Stream Fire Protection District

365 Kuhn Road Carol Stream, IL 60188 www.carolstreamfire.org

Robert Schultz Fire Chief Business Phone: (630) 668-4836 Fax: (630) 668-4877

October 5, 2022

Members of the Board of Trustees Carol Stream Fire Protection District Carol Stream, Illinois 60188

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District (CSFPD), Carol Stream, Illinois for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022.

The District is required to issue annually a report of its financial position and activity presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This report is presented using the financial reporting model outlined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report and asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

To provide a reasonable basis for making its representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework. This framework is designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that accounting transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and properly recorded so that the financial statements can be prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The objective of the internal control framework is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

State statutes require an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of CSFPD by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees selected the accounting firm of Sikich LLP. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified or clean opinion that the CSFPD's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A is also intended to disclose any known significant events or decisions that affect the financial condition of CSFPD. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

DISTRICT PROFILE

The Carol Stream Fire Protection District (CSFPD) was organized in 1947 under the general laws of the State of Illinois providing for the organization and operation of fire protection districts and is now operating under the provisions of the Fire Protection District Act of the State of Illinois, as amended (70 ILCS 705/0.01 et seq.). CSFPD is a primarily residential area in DuPage County. Located approximately twenty-six miles west of Chicago's Central Business District, the CSFPD covers a population of approximately 43,000 people and an area of approximately 9 square miles including most of the Village of Carol Stream and some unincorporated areas.

CSFPD provides a full range of services to its residents. These services include fire suppression services, emergency medical services, hazardous material response, fire prevention and public education, special rescue and community events. In addition to general operations, the District exercises oversight of the Firefighters' Pension Fund; therefore, these activities are included in the reporting entity.

CSFPD operates under an elected Board of Trustees form of government. The Board of Trustees is comprised of five members who are responsible, among other things, for determining policies, passing resolutions and ordinances, adopting the annual budget, and appointing committees. The Fire Chief is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible for the daily operations and management of the District.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. State law requires that a Fire Protection District adopt a final budget by no later than the end of the first quarter of the new fiscal year. The CSFPD budget is prepared by fund and function, but the format of the budget provides for a departmental budget with line item supplemental backup. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

A budget to actual comparison is provided in this report for the General Fund. The comparison is presented as required supplementary information. For governmental funds other than the General Fund, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

CSFPD number one priority remains life safety for our citizens and our personnel. We have a high volume of EMS activity and all other areas of our operations are divided between fire/suppression response along with fire alarm response, plus public education.

During the prior 4 years we had seen a 14% total increase in the annual assessed valuation (2018 to 2021, net of new property) due to economic conditions. We are very pleased to inform you that in tax year 2021 we saw a 2.2% increase in the assessed value. It is hoped this cycle of increases in EAV will continue into the future. The amount of collected property taxes continues to be close to 100% of the extension.

We believe our economic outlook will continue to be acceptable and will allow us to at least maintain current core service levels. The District's potential for residential and commercial growth should provide for a growing community in the foreseeable future.

A feasibility study was conducted and presented to the CSFD for the existing Station 29 which is located at 275 Schmale Rd. This study recommended a possible remodel or new fire station that would be projected as a construction project over the next couple years or when needed. The project was completed in fiscal year 2020. The roof of Station 28 was replaced in fiscal year 2021.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The District maintains a 10 year capital improvement/replacement schedule that keep and buildings and equipment up to date and modern. The District is made improvements to its fire stations in fiscal year 2022. The Capital Improvement Fund is funded and/or has funding scheduled over the next 10 years. The Capital Improvement Fund is growing at a steady rate in part due to the loan on Station 28 being paid off in April of 2016. Solid budget management by the District has allowed transfers into the Capital Fund of excess funds available.

At this time, the only capital expenditures anticipated in the near future are vehicle replacements and station improvement projects. The District uses GFOA best practice risk analysis to maintain our fund balance or reserves at levels sustainable for the long-term.

The District has financial policies in place to promote fiscal stability. In general, all supplies, materials, equipment and contractual/professional services required for operational efficiency will have been included in the annual budget. Purchases during the fiscal year shall proceed in accordance with these procedures upon approval of the annual budget by the Board of Trustees.

Individual budget staff coordinators and Lieutenants may authorize purchases, as identified in the operating budget, up to \$1,000. Battalion Chiefs may authorize purchases up to \$2,500.

The Fire Chief and Deputy Chief may approve any purchase if the items have been specifically identified in the budget or do not exceed the budget line item. The Fire Chief will provide the Board with advanced notice of all purchases that exceed \$7,500 prior to the items being purchased. It is anticipated that such notice would be provided at a regular Board meeting and identify items to be purchased over the next 30 days.

In the event of an item that exceeds \$20,000 the Fire Chief shall provide the Board with the following information as part of the advanced notice: Type of bid process used, the names of the vendors bidding and the cost proposed, the vendor proposed to be selected and why, and any other pertinent information.

The investment policy emphasizes safety of principle and maintenance of purchasing power as the foremost objectives in addition to the monthly monitoring of balances and interest rates. Also, the District expanded its investment program to allow for additional investment opportunities. This move has proven to be very beneficial in terms of raising additional revenue in keeping with the investment laws of the State of Illinois. Safety, security and return continue to be the primary goals of the investment program.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

Due to the ongoing pandemic starting in March 2020, sick time and overtime has increased in the short term, although effects to property taxes and assessed valuations have been minimal.

Staffing and associated costs will continue to be our largest operating expenditure. Our labor collective bargaining agreement with our IAFF-AFFI Carol Stream Firefighters Union Local 3192, AFLCIO was renegotiated effective June 1, 2019, and continues through May 31, 2023. The District removed its contract firefighter program and replaced it with full-time firefighters at the end of fiscal year 2021.

At our training center located at Station 28, we continue our partnerships with surrounding Fire Districts, local community colleges, police agencies, West Suburban Fire Rescue Alliance (WSFRA), City of Chicago, and other government agencies.

We will continue to maintain our three fire stations by way of general maintenance. Capital projects for the year included Station 28 concrete work.

As we enter the FY2023 fiscal year, we will continue to keep a watchful eye over the budget, the levy, and all expenses balancing commitments of employment, pensions, and insurances, while maintaining a solid financial position to cover all operational expenses. While the District remains mostly dependent on property tax revenue, we have aggressively reviewed user fees in an effort to diversify our revenue sources and spread funding responsibilities to users of service. We are concerned about these tough economic times and very aware of our taxpayers' burden of overall taxes. Our Board of Trustees is addressing that with a continued conservative approach to spending, keeping in mind that we will continue to promote safety by way of training and maintaining an active committee that makes recommendations and reviews incidents as they occur. The current Board of Trustees is continuing the conservative yet progressive controls of our finances necessary to carry us for the next 5-10 years.

Major initiatives for the future include:

*Continue efforts to prevent fires and loss of life and property in the district, with a continued emphasis on firefighter health, safety and fitness.

*Fiscal stability will continue to be a concern during these changing economic times. All programs and positions will be open to review and subject to changes, based upon finances.

*Strive to improve communications with radios, computers (MDT's) and mobile radios within district vehicles as well as station alerting enhancements.

*Maintain key personnel in the Fire Prevention, Administration and Training to accommodate increasing demand for those services.

*Aggressive risk-management based training as well as safety and educational program delivery.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Carol Stream Fire Protection District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year May 2021. Again, the District is striving to receive this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert Schutt

Robert Schultz Fire Chief

FINANCIAL SECTION



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

SIKICH.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President Members of the Board of Trustees Carol Stream Fire Protection District Carol Stream, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carol Stream Fire Protection District as of May 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois October 5, 2022

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Carol Stream Fire Protection District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

As Carol Stream Fire Protection District (the District) management, we offer District financial statement readers this financial activities narrative overview and analysis for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

The District's MD&A is also designated to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of financial activities, identify current changes, address subsequent years' challenges, identify material deviations from the financial plan (approved budgets), and identify issues with individual funds.

Financial Highlights

- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7.801 million. The District's Statement of Net Position has changed dramatically due to the inclusion of the liabilities required by GASB 68. The Carol Stream Firefighter's Pension Fund Unfunded Liability is now reported on the Fire District's financials. As a result, total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows exceeded the District's total assets and deferred outflows at the end of the most recent fiscal year. The District's total net position increased \$3.04 million as compared to the previous year. Most of this increase was due to a decrease in long-term liabilities.
- As of the current fiscal year close, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10.445 million, an increase of \$1.422 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$8.074 million (77%) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unrestricted fund balance). The District's overall fund balance is reported showing nonspendable, assigned and unassigned funds, as well as restricted funds in conformance with GASB requirements.
- During the year, \$0.772 million was transferred to the District's Capital Improvement Fund for future fleet and facility needs. In order for the District to be financially prepared to meets its fiduciary responsibilities in the future while continuing to provide the highest level of service, the additional funding was provided to the District's Capital Improvement Fund. At the current fiscal year end, total fund balance in the Capital Improvement Fund was \$5.453 million, of which, \$3,549,863 is assigned for future capital acquisitions and \$1,903,702 is nonspendable as prepayment for a ladder truck.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had no outstanding current or long-term debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The statement of net position presents information on all District assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the District's financial position is improving.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and unpaid obligations).

The government-wide financial statement distinguishes District functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities reflect the District's basic services including fire, ambulance, and other administrative functions.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other units of government, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of these funds can be divided into two types: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. All of the District's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for use. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between government funds and government activities.

The District maintains six individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the Corporate Fund (which includes the Ambulance Fund as a sub-fund), and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and individual schedules elsewhere in the report.

Carol Stream Fire Protection District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because theses fund's resources are not available to support the District's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to these basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

· · ·		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Assets		
Other Assets:		
Cash + Investments	\$ 9,207	\$ 8,023
Prepaid expenses Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	1,904	-
Accrued Interest	15	17
Property taxes	10,620	11,101
Ambulance	605	601
Miscellaneous	366	55
IRMA excess surplus	669	543
Capital Assets	9,510	9,257
Total assets	32,896	30,828
Deferred Outflows	8,141	7,935
Liabilities Other Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	65	305
Accrued salaries	54	114
Other Liabilities	320	-
Long-term liabilities	22,645	18,672
Total liabilities	23,085	19,092
Deferred Inflows	25,754	30,512
Net Position		
	0 514	0.057
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	9,511 467	9,257
Unrestricted		(20, 497)
Omestilcied	(17,780)	(20,487)
Total net position	\$ (7,801)	\$ (10,841)

Condensed Statement of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended May 31, 2022 (000's omitted)

2022 \$ 82 11,632 454 2,663 (261) 573 15,143	<u>2021</u> \$ 71 11,287 208 2,142 60 616 14,384
11,632 454 2,663 (261) 573	11,287 208 2,142 60 616
11,632 454 2,663 (261) 573	11,287 208 2,142 60 616
454 2,663 (261) 573	208 2,142 60 616
2,663 (261) 573	2,142 60 616
(261) 573	60 616
573	616
15,143	14 384
	1 1,00 1
6 12,098	6 12,010
12,104	12,016
3 039	2,368
0,000	(13,209)
(10,840)	
	3,039

Government-wide Financial Analysis

noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the District's case, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$7,801,496 at the most recent fiscal year close. Starting in fiscal year 2016, GASB statement #68 had a major impact on the District's net position in this fiscal year by including the Firemen's Pension Fund unfunded accrued liability in the District's net position.

The District has \$9,510,578 invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in

its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In the case of the District, total net position is recorded as \$(7,801) million. The District's total assets equal \$32.896 million. The District's total liabilities equal \$23.085 million with \$20.068 million representing the net pension liability for the fire pension plan.

- **Governmental activities.** The District's net position increased during the current fiscal year by \$3,039,328. The majority of this was due to a decrease in the net pension liability. Overall, the District realized a 4.4% increase in revenues and a 6.4% increase in operating expenses while experiencing a decrease in capital acquisitions from \$1,439,321 in FY 21 to \$805,820 in FY 22. Key elements include:
- Property and replacement tax revenues increased from \$11,495,904 in FY 21 to \$12,085,957 in FY 22 on a 7% CPI increase.
- Interest income decreased from \$59,703 in FY 21 to \$(261,352) in FY 22
- Grant revenue decreased from \$423,411 in FY 21 to \$204,705 in FY 22.
- Expenses increased from \$12,016,136 in FY 21 to \$12,103,614 in FY 22.
- Capital additions were for building improvements and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Financial Analysis of the District's funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The District governmental funds' focus is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources balances. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the current fiscal year end, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,445,859, an increase of \$1,422,070 in comparison with the previous year. 77% or \$8,074,720 of this total amount constitutes unrestricted and assigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted to indicate that is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to secure, non-spendable for other restrictions of \$2,371,139. The main reasons for the increase in the general fund are the significant increase in ambulance fees based on a revised fee structure and the Ground Emergency Medical Transport program to supplement Medicaid runs. Property and replacements taxes also increased.

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance was \$4,209,804. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The Capital Fund is for the current and future fleet and facility needs of the District. The expenditures were for building improvements and SCBA equipment which were offset by the transferin. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Capital Fund's assigned fund balance was \$3,549,863.

Corporate Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District did not revise the annual operating budget. Actual operating revenues not including pension property taxes for the Corporate Fund came in at 110.9% of the budget. The actual expenditures were at 99.1% of budget. Close monitoring of the actual expenditures versus budget takes place over the course of the year.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

Capital assets. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$9.510 million, invested in a broad range of capital assets including ambulance and fire equipment, buildings, land and equipment. The District maintains a detailed list of capital assets. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$558,826. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had \$22,645,251 of outstanding long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, pension obligations and postemployment benefits. In FY 2021 the long-term liabilities were \$18,672,281. The major component of long-term liability is the Pension Fund liability of 20,068,295 as a result of the implementation of GASB statement #68. Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors in Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Increased revenue stream continues at a slow pace. The state-imposed tax cap continues to restrict the revenues needed to fully fund the district operations and discussions continue on a statewide property tax freeze. Pension Fund taxes increased this fiscal year, none of which is available for operations but is intended to meet District obligations for unfunded liabilities. Despite restricted revenues, the operational budget remains balanced and did not exceed the revenues received operationally (not including transfers for capital acquisitions) for the fiscal year. The vehicle and equipment replacement schedule was funded as needed for future purchases.

- The District continues to charge fees for ambulance service calls which make up the second largest revenue stream. The fee schedules are reviewed periodically to reflect current applicable charges reflective of acceptable rates provided by Medicare.
- In FY 22, the District contributed an additional \$772,298 to the Capital Projects Fund to help meet its future fleet and facility needs per the vehicle and equipment replacement schedule.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District's finances and for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Carol Stream Fire Protection District, 365 N Kuhn Road, Carol Stream, Illinois 60188. **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

May 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 9,207,368
Receivables	
Property taxes	10,620,152
IRMA excess surplus	669,232
Interest	15,394
Ambulance	604,553
Grants	204,705
Miscellaneous	160,997
Prepaids	1,903,702
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,375,000
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	8,135,578
Total assets	32,896,681
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred pension outflows	7,720,033
Deferred OPEB outflows	421,044
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,141,077
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	41,037,758
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	65,367
Accrued payroll	54,561
Other liabilities	320,284
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	163,783
Due in more than one year	22,481,468
Total liabilities	23,085,463
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred revenue	11,830,800
Deferred pension inflows	13,679,359
Deferred OPEB inflows	243,632
Total deferred inflows of resources	25,753,791
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	48,839,254
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,510,578
Restricted	
Audit	8,607
Insurance	364,956
Retirement	-
Public safety	93,874
Unrestricted (deficit)	(17,779,511)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (7,801,496)

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 4 -

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

				Progr	am Revenue	5		R	et (Expense) evenue and Change Net Position	
	_	Charges			Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and		Total Governmental	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	 Expenses	fo	or Services	Coi	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities	
Governmental Activities										
Public safety	\$ 12,097,379	\$	2,663,463	\$	308,474	\$	-	\$	(9,125,442)	
Administrative	 6,235		-		-		-		(6,235)	
Total governmental activities	 12,103,614		2,663,463		308,474		_		(9,131,677)	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 12,103,614	\$	2,663,463	\$	308,474	\$	-		(9,131,677)	

General Revenues	
Taxes	
Property	11,631,982
Foreign fire insurance	81,846
Replacement - unrestricted	453,975
Investment income	(261,352)
Miscellaneous	264,554
Total	12,171,005
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,039,328
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JUNE 1	(10,840,824)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), MAY 31	\$ (7,801,496)

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 5 -

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

May 31, 2022

	 General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 5,347,569	\$ 3,329,833	\$ 529,966	\$	9,207,368
Receivables					
Property taxes	10,130,842	-	489,310		10,620,152
Ambulance	604,553	-	-		604,553
IRMA excess surplus	669,232	-	-		669,232
Interest	-	15,394	-		15,394
Grants	-	204,705	-		204,705
Miscellaneous	160,997	-	-		160,997
Prepaid items	 -	1,903,702	-		1,903,702
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,913,193	\$ 5,453,634	\$ 1,019,276	\$	23,386,103
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 61,626	\$ 69	\$ 3,672	\$	65,367
Accrued payroll	54,561	-	-		54,561
Other liabilities	 320,284	-	-		320,284
Total liabilities	 436,471	69	3,672		440,212
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	11,271,038	-	559,762		11,830,800
Unavailable revenue - IRMA surplus credit	 669,232	-	-		669,232
Total deferred inflows of resources	 11,940,270	-	559,762		12,500,032
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 12,376,741	69	563,434		12,940,244
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	-	1,903,702	-		1,903,702
Restricted					
Audit	-	-	8,607		8,607
Insurance	-	-	364,956		364,956
Retirement	-	-	-		-
Public safety	-	-	93,874		93,874
Unrestricted					
Assigned		A F (A A A			0.040.045
Capital projects	-	3,549,863	-		3,549,863
Subsequent years budget	326,648	-	-		326,648
Unassigned (deficit)	 4,209,804	-	(11,595)		4,198,209
Total fund balances	 4,536,452	5,453,565	455,842		10,445,859
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 16,913,193	\$ 5,453,634	\$ 1,019,276	\$	23,386,103
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

May 31, 2022

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 10,445,859
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	9,510,578
Other long-term assets (IRMA surplus credit) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in	
governmental funds	669,232
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption	
changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings	
for the Firefighters' Pension Fund are recognized as deferred	
outflows of resources on the statement of net position	7,720,033
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption	
changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings	
for OPEB are recognized as deferred outflows of resources on the	
statement of net position	421,044
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption	
changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings	
for the Firefighters' Pension Fund are recognized as deferred	
inflows of resources on the statement of net position	(13,679,359)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption	
changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings	
for the OPEB are recognized as deferred inflows of resources	
on the statement of net position	(243,632)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Compensated absences	(717,336)
Net pension liability	(20,068,295)
Total OPEB liability	 (1,859,620)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (7,801,496)

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 7 -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

		General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	11,085,503	\$	-	\$	546,479	\$	11,631,982
Replacement taxes	Ŷ	453,975	Ψ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	453,975
Foreign fire insurance tax		-		-		81,846		81,846
Intergovernmental		103,770		204,705		-		308,475
Plan review fees		21,110				-		21,110
Ambulance fees		2,622,005		-		-		2,622,005
Investment income		_,,		(261,352)		-		(261,352)
Insurance reimbursement		-		()		86,531		86,531
Miscellaneous		72,565		-				72,565
Total revenues		14,358,928		(56,647)		714,856		15,017,137
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety		12,134,818		-		648,194		12,783,012
Administrative		-		6,235		-		6,235
Capital outlay		198,901		606,919		-		805,820
Total expenditures		12,333,719		613,154		648,194		13,595,067
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		2,025,209		(669,801)		66,662		1 422 070
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,023,209		(009,801)		00,002		1,422,070
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		772,298		-		772,298
Transfers (out)		(772,298)		-		-		(772,298)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(772,298)		772,298		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,252,911		102,497		66,662		1,422,070
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 1		3,283,541		5,351,068		389,180		9,023,789
FUND BALANCES, MAY 31	\$	4,536,452	\$	5,453,565	\$	455,842	\$	10,445,859

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,422,070
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	812,321
The change in the total OPEB liability and deferred outflows is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	(167,491)
The change in Firefighters' Pension Fund net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not a source or use of a financial resource	1,502,465
The change in compensated absences is reported as a reduction of expense on the statement of activities	(97,016)
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available in governmental funds are not reported as revenue in governmental funds (IRMA surplus credit)	125,805
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Depreciation	 (558,826)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,039,328

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

May 3	1, 2022
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ASSETS Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,754,187
Investments held in the Illinois Fire Pension Investment Fund	48,927,135
Total investments	48,927,135
Accrued interest Prepaid expenses	- 3,092
Total assets	50,684,414
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue	2,085 323,332
Total liabilities	325,417
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 50,358,997

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
Employer contributions	\$	2,513,326
Employee contributions	Ŧ	619,051
Total contributions		3,132,377
Investment income		
Net (depreciation) in fair		
value of investments		(5,613,626)
Interest		1,974,653
Total investment income		(3,638,973)
Less investment expense		(64,124)
Net investment income		(3,703,097)
Total additions		(570,720)
DEDUCTIONS		
Pension benefits		3,015,140
Administrative expenses		44,055
Total deductions		3,059,195
NET DECREASE		(3,629,915)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS		
June 1		53,988,912
May 31	\$	50,358,997

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

May 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District (the District), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The District is a body corporate and politic established under Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) to provide fire protection and ambulance services. These financial statements include all functions, programs and activities under the control of the Board of Trustees of the District. The District is considered to be a primary government pursuant to GASB Statement No. 61 since it is legally separate and fiscally independent. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component unit. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was based upon the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the primary government. A blended component unit, although legally separate, is, in substance, part of the District's operations and so data from this unit is combined with the data of the primary government. A discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column on the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the District. The District has no discretely presented component units.

The District's financial statements include the Firefighters' Pension Plan as a fiduciary component unit reported as a Pension Trust Fund.

b. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report on its financial position and changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental and fiduciary.

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted, committed or assigned for monies (special revenue funds) and the funds restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the funds restricted, committed or assigned for servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds) and the management of funds held in trust that can be used for governmental services (permanent fund). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the District not accounted for in some other fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a pension trust fund is used.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, if any, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All financial resources, except those accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. The General Fund is segregated into three subfunds to account for the operations of the fire services and emergency medical services (EMS) and for pension contributions.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the District reports the Firefighters' Pension Fund as a fiduciary fund.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Additions are recorded when earned and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days). The District recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures become due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue and charges for services.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District reports deferred, unearned and unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Deferred and unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow of resources for deferred or unavailable revenue or the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Investments with maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with maturity greater than one year at time of purchase, if any, are stated at fair value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., parking lots and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$10,000 for machinery, equipment and vehicles; \$100,000 for buildings and improvements; and \$200,000 for land and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or service capacity of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

f. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	ILCS	Years
Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment		30-50 5-20

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid expenses/items using the consumption method. Such amounts are offset by nonspendable fund balance for prepaid expenses/items in the fund financial statements.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities financial statements. Principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements but as a reduction of a liability on the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

i. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick that is owed to retirees or terminated employees is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick of governmental activities at the government-wide level is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

j. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the District. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the District's Board of Trustees, which is considered the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Fire Chief by the District's Board of Trustees. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund is reported as unassigned. Any deficits in other governmental funds are also reported as unassigned.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the District considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The District has established fund balance reserve policies in its General Fund. Fund balance in the General Fund is to be maintained at a minimum level of 25% of annual budgeted expenditures for the next fiscal year. The Special Revenue and Capital Projects do not have established fund balance limits due to the nature of the transactions accounted for in these funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net position has not been restricted by enabling legislation adopted by the District. Net investment in capital assets is the book value of capital assets less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct the capital assets.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1. Interfund Transactions

Reciprocal interfund service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

m. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other fund" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

o. Adoption of Accounting Standards

The District has elected to implement GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which was issued to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This provides for the postponement of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

2. **PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes for 2021 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2021, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a tax levy ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2022, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2022 and September 1, 2022. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. Because the 2021 levy is intended to finance the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023, it has been offset by unavailable/deferred revenue at May 31, 2022. The 2022 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2022, has not been recorded as a receivable as of May 31, 2022, as the tax has not yet been levied by the District and will not be levied until December 2022 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at May 31, 2022.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

a. District Investments

ILCS and the District's investment policy authorize the District to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States of State of Illinois and The Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants,* and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. To guard against credit risk, the investment policy leaves to the Treasurer's discretion if deposits with financial institutions in excess of FDIC should be collateralized with collateral held by a third party acting as an agent of the District.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. District Investments (Continued)

Investments

As of May 31, 2022, the District had the following investments in debt securities:

			 Ν	Aatu	rity (in Yea	rs)	
Investment Type	I	Fair Value	0-5		6-10		Greater than 10
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	391,395	\$ 391,395	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. agency obligations		1,055,515	1,055,515		-		-
Municipal bonds		967,310	967,310		-		-
Corporate bonds		100,922	100,922		-		
Negotiable certificates of deposit		3,208,947	3,208,947		-		-
TOTAL	\$	5,724,089	\$ 5,724,089	\$	-	\$	_

The District limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maintaining a balanced portfolio as set by the Board of Trustees in terms on maturity.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of May 31, 2022: The U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, municipal bonds, corporate bonds and negotiable certificates of deposit are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

The District limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government and securities issued by certain agencies of the United States Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The District's Illinois funds are rated AAA. The District's U.S. agency obligations are rated AA+ or not rated. The District's municipal bonds are rated AAA to AA+. The District's corporate bonds are not rated. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated but are all covered by FDIC insurance.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the District's investment policy requires all investments be held by an agent of the District in the District's name. The Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the District has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The District's investment policy is silent on concentration of credit risk.

4. INTERFUND DISCLOSURES

Transfers to/from other funds at May 31, 2022, consist of the following:

	Tr	ansfer In	Tra	ansfer Out
General Fund Capital Projects	\$	- 772,298	\$	772,298
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS	\$	772,298	\$	772,298

The purpose of the significant transfers in/out are as follows:

• \$772,298 - The General Fund transferred funds to the Capital Projects Fund for future capital improvements. The transfer will not be repaid.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended May 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balances, June 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances, May 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,375,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,375,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,375,000	-	-	1,375,000
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	8,713,890	498,104	-	9,211,994
Vehicles	4,614,202		-	4,614,202
Equipment	626,057	314,217	-	940,274
Total capital assets being depreciated	13,954,149	812,321	-	14,766,470
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	3,085,606	230,473	-	3.316.079
Vehicles	2,534,593	284,678	-	2,819,271
Equipment	451,867	43,675	-	495,542
Total accumulated depreciation	6,072,066	558,826	-	6,630,892
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,882,083	253,495		8,135,578
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 9,257,083	\$ 253,495	\$ -	\$ 9,510,578

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Public safety	\$ 558,826

6. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in general long-term debt of the District for the year ended May 31, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance, June 1	Increases	Decreases	Balance, May 31	Current Portion
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	\$ 620,320 16,064,829 1,987,132	\$ 159,048 4,003,466	\$ 62,032 127,512	\$ 717,336 20,068,295 1,859,620	\$ 71,734 92,049
TOTAL	\$ 18,672,281	\$ 4,162,514	\$ 189,544	\$ 22,645,251	\$ 163,783

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the compensated absences, the net pension liability and the total OPEB liability.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The employee health risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the fiscal year or prior two fiscal years.

a. Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency

The District participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an insurance pool whose members are Illinois municipalities and other local governments. IRMA manages and funds first party property losses, third party liability claims, workers' compensation claims and public officials' liability claims of its member municipalities. The District's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds.

Each member assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has self-insurance retentions at various amounts above that level. There have been no significant changes from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the prior three years.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

a. Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (Continued)

Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. In addition, there are two officers, a Risk Manager and a Treasurer. The District does not exercise any control over the activities of IRMA beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined in advance of each membership year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and assessment factors based on past member experience and the funding need for the membership year. The Board of Directors may require that supplemental contributions be made by members to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the obligations applicable to the membership year. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. The District is not aware of any additional amounts owed to IRMA at May 31, 2022, for the current or prior two claim years.

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The District contributes to the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all plans are governed by ILCS and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Firefighters' Pension Fund does not issue separate financial statements.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions

Plan Administration

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan. Although this is a singleemployer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois Legislature. The District accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

The plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the Firefighters' District Board of Trustees, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active firefighters.

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Plan Administration (Continued)

At May 31, 2021 (most recent data available), membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	38
Inactive plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	2
	2
Active plan members	60
TOTAL	100

Benefits Provided

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement.

The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the greater of the average monthly salary obtaining by dividing the total salary during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last of 60 months in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of service in that period.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Firefighters' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their salary to the Firefighters' Pension Fund. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without interest. The costs of administering the Firefighters' Pension Plan are financed through investment earnings. The District is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the District has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past services costs for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. However, the District has chosen to fund 100% of the past service cost by 2040 using entry age normal. For the year ended May 31, 2022, the District's contribution was 44.38% of covered payroll.

Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund

The Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund (IFPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds. IFPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610, and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds. Participation in IFPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for its deposits in excess of federal depository insurance. However, all deposits at May 31, 2022 are covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Investments of the Plan are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IFPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IFPIF's annual report. For additional information on IFPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2021. A copy of that report can be obtained from IFPIF at 1919 South Highland Avenue, Building A, Suite 237, Lombard, IL 60148 or at <u>www.ifpif.org</u>.

Fair Value Measurement

The Plan categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Plan held no investments subject to fair value measurement at May 31, 2022.

Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Plan's pooled investment in IFPIF was \$48,927,135 at May 31, 2022 The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at www.ifpif.org. Investments in IFPIF are valued at IFPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at May 31, 2022. The Plan may redeem shares by giving notice by 5:00 pm central time on the 1st of each month. Requests properly submitted on or before the 1st of each month will be processed for redemption by the 14th of the month. Expedited redemptions may be processed at the sole discretion of IFPIF.

Investment Policy

IFPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 17, 2022. IFPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IFPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Rate of Return

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (6.51%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

(a) (b) Total Plan Pension Fiduciar Liability Net Positi	
BALANCES AT	
JUNE 1, 2021 <u>\$ 70,053,741 \$ 53,988,9</u>	912 \$ 16,064,829
Changes for the period	
Service cost 1,492,725	- 1,492,725
Interest 4,604,757	- 4,604,757
Difference between expected	
and actual experience (2,708,791)	- (2,708,791)
Changes in assumptions -	
Change in benefit terms -	
Employer contributions - 2,513,3	326 (2,513,326)
Employee contributions - 580,7	786 (580,786)
Other contributions - 38,2	265 (38,265)
Net investment income - (3,703,0)97) 3,703,097
Benefit payments and refunds (3,015,140) (3,015,1	140)
Administrative expense - (44,0)55) 44,055
Net changes 373,551 (3,629,9	915) 4,003,466
BALANCES AT	
MAY 31, 2022 \$ 70,427,292 \$ 50,358,9	997 \$ 20,068,295

There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to update the discount rate.

As of May 31, 2022, the plan is 71.50% funded.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	May 31, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions	
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	4.00% to 16.43%
Interest rate	7.00%
Cost of living adjustments	2.25%
Asset valuation method	Fair value

The mortality rates and actuarial assumptions were based on results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the actuary in 2020. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at May 31, 2022 was 7%. The discount rate at May 31, 2021 was also 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7% as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6%)		(7%)		(8%)
Net pension liability	\$	30,187,419	\$	20,068,295	\$	11,783,330
	100					1 7 01 0

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,005,026. At May 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Firefighters' Pension Fund from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	628,113 5,430,823 1,661,097	\$ 2,719,944 10,959,415
TOTAL	\$	7,720,033	\$ 13,679,359

Changes in the net pension liability related to the difference in actual and expected experience, or changes in assumptions regarding future events, are recognized in pension expense over the expected remaining service life of all employees (active and retired) in the plan. Differences in projected and actual earnings over the measurement period are recognized over a five-year period.

Plan Descriptions and Provisions (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Firefighters' Pension Fund will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending May 31,	
2023	\$ (702,766)
2024	(1,532,651)
2025	(2,248,815)
2026	697,003
2027	(849,901)
Thereafter	(1,322,196)
TOTAL	\$ (5,959,326)

9. OTHER BENEFITS - EMPLOYEES' DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The following description of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) provides only general information. Participants should refer to the plan agreement for a more complete description of the Plan's provisions. The provisions of the Plan may be terminated or amended at any time. The Plan shall not be amended or terminated except in writing signed by the Board. The administrator of the Plan is Genworth Financial Trust Company. The assets and liabilities of the Plan are in trust and are not recorded as part of the District's financial statements.

All full-time employees of the District as selected and approved for participation by the District's Board of Trustees shall be eligible to participate in the Plan. All participants are eligible to contribute a percentage of their compensation to the Plan to the maximum amount set by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in a given year. The District at the end of each month contributed a percentage of the participant's monthly compensation regardless of the amount deferred by the participant. The District contributed \$20,366 to the Plan for the year ended May 31, 2022. A participant shall always be 100% vested in the value of their deferral and shall vest in a portion of the value of the District deferral after four years of service and become fully vested after ten years of service.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the District provides other postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the District's governmental activities.

b. Benefits Provided

The District provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the District's retirement plan. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree is no longer eligible to participate in the plan, but can purchase a Medicare supplement plan from the District's insurance provider. For certain disabled employees who qualify for health insurance benefits under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA), the District is required to pay 100% of the cost of basic health insurance for the employee and their dependents until the employee is Medicare eligible.

c. Membership

At May 31, 2021(most recent data available), membership consisted of:

Inactive fund members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits payments	16
Inactive fund members entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active fund members	63
TOTAL	79

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Actuarial valuation date	May 31, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Inflation	3.50%
Discount rate	3.36%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00% in Fiscal 2022 based on type of plan, to an ultimate trend rate of 4.00%
Asset valuation method	N/A
Mortality rates	RP - 2014 rates projected to 2021 using scale MP-2020

e. Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year high-grade rate index rate for tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds rated AA or better at May 31, 2021.

f. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
BALANCES AT JUNE 1, 2021	\$ 1,987,132
Changes for the period	
Service cost	193,277
Interest	38,822
Difference between expected	
and actual experience Changes in assumptions	(267,562)
Benefit payments	(92,049)
Other changes	
Net changes	(127,512)
BALANCES AT MAY 31, 2022	\$ 1,859,620

There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to reflect revised expectations with respect to the discount rate assumption.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

g. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 3.36% as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.36%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.36%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	unt Rate 1% Incr 36%) (4.36%)	
		(2.36%)		(3.36%)		(4.36%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,039,330	\$	1,859,620	\$	1,700,086

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the District calculated using the healthcare rate of 7% as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Hea	althcare Rate	1	% Increase
		(6%)		(7%)		(8%)
	•		.		.	• • • • • • • •
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,634,563	\$	1,859,620	\$	2,142,046

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended May 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$167,491. At May 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Iı	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	156,671 264,373 -	\$	243,632				
TOTAL	\$	421,044	\$	243,632				

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending May 31,	
2023	\$ 27,441
2024	27,441
2025	27,441
2026	27,441
2027	27,441
Thereafter	 40,207
TOTAL	\$ 177,412

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Property taxes		
Property taxes	\$ 11,075,360 \$	11,085,503
Replacement tax	130,000	453,975
Intergovernmental	-	103,770
Plan review fees	10,500	21,110
False alarm fines	500	-
Ambulance fees	1,700,000	2,622,005
Miscellaneous	31,500	72,565
Total revenues	12,947,860	14,358,928
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Public safety		
Personnel	10,989,774	10,895,158
Administrative	604,266	601,876
Maintenance	617,528	637,784
Capital outlay	238,996	198,901
Total expenditures	12,450,564	12,333,719
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	497,296	2,025,209
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(772,298)	(772,298)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(772,298)	(772,298)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (275,002)	1,252,911
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1	_	3,283,541
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31	<u>_</u> \$	4,536,452

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Eight Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,685,936	\$ 1,672,972	\$ 1,689,013	\$ 1,802,831	\$ 1,822,503	\$ 1,902,445	\$ 1,984,901	\$ 2,483,931
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 1,151,258	1,172,985	2,206,852	1,388,658	1,444,959	2,130,896	2,258,739	2,513,326
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ 534,678	\$ 499,987	\$ (517,839)	\$ 414,173	\$ 377,544	\$ (228,451)	\$ (273,838)	\$ (29,395)
Covered payroll	\$ 5,173,879	\$ 4,866,528	\$ 5,410,371	\$ 5,084,496	\$ 5,218,520	\$ 5,388,122	\$ 5,470,466	\$ 6,132,292
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.25%	24.10%	40.79%	27.31%	27.69%	39.55%	41.29%	40.99%

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of May 31. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 20 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return of 7.00% annually, projected salary increase assumption of 4.25% to 16.68% plus 2.50% for inflation compounded annually.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Eight Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE MAY 31,		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY																
Service cost	\$	1,496,547	\$	1,600,903	\$	1,256,746	\$	1,341,702	\$	1,428,767	\$	1,423,415	\$	1,800,352	\$	1,492,725
Interest		3,202,671		3,260,978		4,328,118		3,877,694		4,095,067		4,299,516		4,549,033		4,604,757
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		659,007		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		244,883		(493,613)		(21,163)		(271,607)		(18,943)		767,890		(2,708,791)
Changes of assumptions		-		3,442,776		(9,912,798)		1,895,685		(1,597,949)		5,851,968		(9,426,320)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member		(1,501,139)		(1,675,394)		(1,793,118)		(1,889,953)		(1,982,338)		(2,404,656)		(2,630,738)		(3,015,140)
contributions																<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net change in total pension liability		3,198,079		6,874,146		(6,614,665)		5,203,965		1,671,940		9,810,307		(4,939,783)		373,551
Total pension liability - beginning		54,849,752		58,047,831		64,921,977		58,307,312		63,511,277		65,183,217		74,993,524		70,053,741
Total pension natinky teginning		51,019,752		50,017,051		01,721,777		56,567,512		00,011,277		05,105,217		71,775,521		70,023,711
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	58,047,831	\$	64,921,977	\$	58,307,312	\$	63,511,277	\$	65,183,217	\$	74,993,524	\$	70,053,741	\$	70,427,292
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION																
	\$	1,151,258	¢	1,172,985	¢	2,206,852	¢	1,388,658	¢	1,444,959	r	2,130,896	¢	2,258,739	\$	2,513,326
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	Ф	433,168	Ф	454,480	Ф	463,639	Ф	480,739	Ф	505,766	Þ	2,130,896	Ф	2,238,739	Э	2,515,526
Contributions - other		455,108		454,480		403,039		460,759		303,700 890		3,560		4,210		38,265
Net investment income		1,383,808		(835,569)		3,680,429		2,865,301		(1,223,395)		(562,141)		4,210		(3,703,097)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member		(1,501,139)		(1,675,394)		(1,793,118)		(1,889,953)		(1,223,393) (1,982,338)		(2,404,656)		(2,630,738)		(3,015,140)
contributions		(1,301,139)		(1,075,594)		(1,793,118)		(1,009,955)		(1,982,558)		(2,404,030)		(2,030,738)		(3,013,140)
Administrative expense		(52,191)		(48,829)		(43,272)		(35,935)		(40,386)		(37,858)		(37,606)		(44,055)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,414,904		(932,327)		4,515,077		2,808,810		(1,294,504)		(356,755)		13,804,349		(3,629,915)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		34,029,358		35,444,262		34,511,935		39,027,012		41,835,822		40,541,318		40,184,563		53,988,912
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	35,444,262	\$	34,511,935	\$	39,027,012	\$	41,835,822	\$	40,541,318	\$	40,184,563	\$	53,988,912	\$	50,358,997
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$	22,603,569	\$	30,410,042	\$	19,280,300	\$	21,675,455	\$	24,641,899	\$	34,808,961	\$	16,064,829	\$	20,068,295

MEASUREMENT DATE MAY 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.06%	53.16%	66.93%	65.87%	62.20%	53.58%	77.07%	71.50%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,173,879	\$ 4,866,528 \$	5,410,371 \$	5,084,496 \$	5,218,520 \$	5,388,122 \$	5,470,466 \$	6,132,292
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	436.88%	624.88%	356.36%	426.30%	472.20%	646.03%	293.66%	327.26%

In 2016, there was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to reflect revised expectations with respect to the funding policy, mortality rates. In 2017, the discount rate was changed from 5.70% to 6.76%.

In 2019, there were changes in assumptions related to the discount rate.

In 2020, there was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to reflect revised expectations with respect to the mortality, inflation, retirement, termination, disability rates, marital assumptions and a change in the bond rate and discount rate were made since the prior measurement date.

Changes in benefits in 2020 relate to an update to plan benefit changes under PA-101-0610. These legislative changes reflect modification to the Tier II plan provisions.

In 2021, there were changes in assumptions related to the discount rate.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Eight Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	4.10%	(2.27%)	10.67%	7.34%	(1.72%)	(1.30%)	33.71%	(6.51%)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Four Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE MAY 31,	2019	2020	2021		2022	
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY						
Service cost	\$ 94,624	\$ 107,847	\$ 138,450	\$	193,277	
Interest	44,466	44,155	37,144		38,822	
Difference between expected						
and actual experience	-	-	190,801	190,801		
Changes in assumptions	50,012	152,111	156,227	(267,562)		
Benefit payments	 (57,279)	(62,148)	(66,498)		(92,049)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	131,823	241,965	456,124		(127,512)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,157,220	1,289,043	1,531,008		1,987,132	
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 1,289,043	\$ 1,531,008	\$ 1,987,132	\$	1,859,620	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,592,507	\$ 5,788,245	\$ 5,820,172	\$	6,023,878	
Employer's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.05%	26.45%	34.14%		30.87%	

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

There was a change in assumptions related to the discount rate in 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

May 31, 2022

BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds (except the Foreign Fire Insurance Fund). Budgeted amounts used for comparison in this report are obtained from the Annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinances for the District. The budget amounts included in the financial statements are the final adopted budgets, including all amendments. There were no amendments to the budget during the current fiscal year. The budget is prepared substantially on the modified accrual basis of accounting and is controlled at the fund level. All budgets lapse at year end.

The following funds had expenditures greater than the budget for the year ended May 31, 2022:

Fund		Exp	penditures	
Social Security	\$	104,000	\$	114,896

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND BY SUBFUND

May 31, 2022

	Corporate			mbulance	Pension	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,848,581	\$	3,498,988	\$ -	\$ 5,347,569
Receivables						
Property taxes		4,297,397		3,339,780	2,493,665	10,130,842
Ambulance		-		604,553	-	604,553
IRMA excess surplus Miscellaneous		669,232		-	-	669,232
Miscellaneous		91,762		69,235	-	160,997
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,906,972	\$	7,512,556	\$ 2,493,665	\$ 16,913,193
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	32,755	\$	28,871	\$ -	\$ 61,626
Accrued payroll		44,412		10,149	-	54,561
Other liabilities		-		320,284	-	320,284
Total liabilities		77,167		359,304	-	436,471
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,936,032		3,841,341	2,493,665	11,271,038
Unavailable revenue - IRMA surplus credit		669,232		-	-	669,232
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,605,264		3,841,341	2,493,665	11,940,270
Total liabilities and deferred inflows						
of resources		5,682,431		4,200,645	2,493,665	12,376,741
FUND BALANCES						
Unrestricted						
Assigned						
Subsequent years budget		326,648		-	-	326,648
Unassigned		897,893		3,311,911	-	4,209,804
Total fund balances		1,224,541		3,311,911	-	4,536,452
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,906,972	\$	7,512,556	\$ 2,493,665	\$ 16,913,193

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND BY SUBFUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

	Corpora	ite	Ambulan	ice	Pension		Tota	1	
	Original and	ite	Original and		Original and	-	Original and		
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES									
Property taxes									
Property taxes	\$ 4,960,360 \$	4,962,802	\$ 3,880,000 \$	3,884,375	\$ 2,235,000 \$	2,238,326	\$ 11,075,360 \$	\$ 11,085,503	
Replacement tax	130,000	453,975	-	-	-	-	130,000	453,975	
Intergovernmental	-	51,885	-	51,885	-	-	-	103,770	
Plan review fees	10,500	21,110	-	-	-	-	10,500	21,110	
False alarm fines	500	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	
Ambulance fees	-	-	1,700,000	2,622,005	-	-	1,700,000	2,622,005	
Miscellaneous	31,500	56,154	-	16,411	-	-	31,500	72,565	
Total revenues	5,132,860	5,545,926	5,580,000	6,574,676	2,235,000	2,238,326	12,947,860	14,358,928	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Personnel	4,360,656	4,658,816	4,119,118	3,998,016	2,510,000	2,238,326	10,989,774	10,895,158	
Administrative	292,608	277,839	311,658	324,037	-	-	604,266	601,876	
Maintenance	343,419	346,437	274,109	291,347	-	-	617,528	637,784	
Capital outlay	136,178	112,195	102,818	86,706	-	-	238,996	198,901	
Total expenditures	5,132,861	5,395,287	4,807,703	4,700,106	2,510,000	2,238,326	12,450,564	12,333,719	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1)	150,639	772,297	1,874,570	(275,000)	_	497,296	2,025,209	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers (out)		-	(772,298)	(772,298)	-	-	(772,298)	(772,298)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(772,298)	(772,298)	-	-	(772,298)	(772,298)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (1)	150,639	\$ (1)	1,102,272	\$ (275,000)	-	\$ (275,002)	1,252,911	
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 1		1,073,902		2,209,639		-		3,283,541	
FUND BALANCES, MAY 31	<u>_</u> \$	1,224,541	\$	3,311,911	\$	-		\$ 4,536,452	

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND BY SUBFUND

For the Year Ended May 31, 2022

		Corp	orat	e		Ambu	lanc	e	-	sion			otal	
		riginal and			Original and		Original and			Original and				
	Fi	inal Budget	Actual		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Actual	Final Budget		Actual
EXPENDITURES														
Current														
Personnel														
Salaries	\$	3,053,469	\$	3,037,466	\$	3,050,769	\$	3,037,466	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,104,238	\$	6,074,932
Compensation - trustees		6,000		5,188		6,000		5,188	-		-	12,000		10,376
Overtime		522,082		675,449		367,852		378,774	-		-	889,934		1,054,223
Employee insurance		25,220		23,279		-		-	-		-	25,220		23,279
Hospitalization insurance		726,822		613,296		685,872		567,816	-		-	1,412,694		1,181,112
Health and safety		8,625		8,772		8,625		8,772	-		-	17,250		17,544
Pension contributions		-		275,000		-		-	2,510,000		2,238,326	2,510,000		2,513,326
Administration pension		18,438		20,366		-		-	-		-	18,438		20,366
Total personnel		4,360,656		4,658,816		4,119,118		3,998,016	2,510,000		2,238,326	10,989,774		10,895,158
Administrative														
Consultants		17,250		21,576		17,250		15,849	-		-	34,500		37,425
Dispatching		92,500		91,483		92,500		91,483	-		-	185,000		182,966
Fire commission		45,250		54,240		-		-	-		-	45,250		54,240
Fire investigation		6,000		9,088		-		-	-		-	6,000		9,088
Paramedic services		-		-		12,300		51,280	-		-	12,300		51,280
Billing		-		-		68,000		64,474	-		-	68,000		64,474
Dues/subscriptions		3,000		3,484		3,000		3,484	-		-	6,000		6,968
Legal fees		10,750		8,481		10,750		8,481	-		-	21,500		16,962
Office supplies		-		-		54,325		43,231	-		-	54,325		43,231
Computer services		54,325		43,231		-		-	-		-	54,325		43,231
Telephone		26,133		25,845		26,133		25,845	-		-	52,266		51,690
Training		16,900		14,316		16,900		14,316	-		-	33,800		28,632
Conferences/schools		11,500		1,841		1,500		1,341	-		-	13,000		3,182
Administration		9,000		4,254		9,000		4,253	-		-	18,000		8,507
Total administrative		292,608		277,839		311,658		324,037	-		-	604,266		601,876

	Corporate					Ambu	mbulance Per				sion			То			
	0	riginal and			0	riginal and			0	riginal and			0	riginal and			
	Fi	nal Budget	Actual		Fi	Final Budget		Actual		inal Budget				Final Budget		Actual	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)																	
Current (Continued)																	
Maintenance																	
Fuel	\$	25,175	\$	34,594	\$	25,175	\$	34,594	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,350	\$	69,188	
Vehicle maintenance		81,431		92,664		81,431		92,663		-		-		162,862		185,327	
Building maintenance		50,900		51,496		50,900		51,495		-		-		101,800		102,991	
Equipment maintenance		150,540		125,552		81,230		70,465		-		-		231,770		196,017	
Gas, electric, water and garbage		30,248		38,927		30,248		38,926		-		-		60,496		77,853	
Communication		5,125		3,204		5,125		3,204		-		-		10,250		6,408	
Total maintenance		343,419		346,437		274,109		291,347		-		-		617,528		637,784	
Capital outlay																	
Firefighting equipment		76,178		61,281		102,818		86,706		-		-		178,996		147,987	
Turn out equipment/clothing		60,000		50,914		-		-		-		-		60,000		50,914	
Total capital outlay		136,178		112,195		102,818		86,706		_		-		238,996		198,901	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	5,132,861	\$	5,395,287	\$	4,807,703	\$	4,700,106	\$	2,510,000	\$	2,238,326	\$	12,450,564	\$	12,333,719	

BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

May 31, 2022

	Capital Projects				
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	3,329,833			
Receivables					
Interest		15,394			
Grants		204,705			
Prepaid items		1,903,702			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,453,634			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	69			
Total liabilities		69			
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		1,903,702			
Unrestricted					
Assigned					
Capital projects		3,549,863			
Total fund balances		5,453,565			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,453,634			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original and	
	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental	\$ 286,235	\$ 204,705
Investment income	70,000	(261,352)
Total revenues	356,235	(56,647)
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Administrative	-	6,235
Capital outlay	2,114,322	606,919
Total expenditures	2,114,322	613,154
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,758,087)	(669,801)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	772,298	772,298
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	50,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	822,298	772,298
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (935,789)	102,497
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1		5,351,068
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31		\$ 5,453,565

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Audit Fund - used to account for the expenditures restricted to the annual audit of the District's records and accounts. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

Tort Liability Insurance Fund - used to account for the expenditures restricted for liability, property, accident and sickness insurance expenditures. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

Social Security Fund - used to account for the expenditures restricted to the employer's portion of the Social Security and Medicare benefits. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

Foreign Fire Insurance Fund - used to account for revenues from the assessment of the foreign fire tax remitted directly to this fund, which maintains a separate bank account. Its own Board of Trustees controls the expenditures from this fund. Those expenditures, however, are to be used for the benefit of the District.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

May 31, 2022

		Audit	Ь	Tort mmunity	5	Social Security	reign Fire 1surance	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	10,276	\$	424,701	\$	1,115	\$ 93,874	\$ 529,966
Property taxes receivable	. <u> </u>	12,080		345,049		132,181	-	489,310
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	22,356	\$	769,750	\$	133,296	\$ 93,874	\$ 1,019,276
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	3,672	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,672
Total liabilities		-		3,672		-	-	3,672
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		13,749		401,122		144,891	-	559,762
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,749		401,122		144,891	-	559,762
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		13,749		404,794		144,891	-	563,434
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted								
Audit Insurance		8,607		-		-	-	8,607
Retirement		-		364,956		-	-	364,956
Public safety		-		-		-	- 93,874	- 93,874
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		- (11,595)	- 95,674	(11,595)
						(11,070)		(11,070)
Total fund balances (deficit)		8,607		364,956		(11,595)	93,874	455,842
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	22,356	\$	769,750	\$	133,296	\$ 93,874	\$ 1,019,276

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	 Audit	Tort Immunity			Social Security	oreign Fire nsurance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 12,778	\$	435,077	\$	98,624	\$ -	\$	546,479
Foreign fire insurance	-		-		-	81,846		81,846
Insurance reimbursement	 -		86,531		-	-		86,531
Total revenues	 12,778		521,608		98,624	81,846		714,856
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety								
Administrative	 13,354		460,266		114,896	59,678		648,194
Total expenditures	 13,354		460,266		114,896	59,678		648,194
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(576)		61,342		(16,272)	22,168		66,662
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 1	 9,183		303,614		4,677	71,706		389,180
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 31	\$ 8,607	\$	364,956	\$	(11,595)	\$ 93,874	\$	455,842

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AUDIT FUND

	Origin Final		Actual	
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	12,900	\$	12,778
Total revenues		12,900		12,778
EXPENDITURES Current Audit		15,750		13,354
Total expenditures		15,750		13,354
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(2,850)	=	(576)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1				9,183
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31			\$	8,607

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TORT IMMUNITY FUND

	C	inal and l Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$	430,000	\$ 435,077
Insurance reimbursement		10,000	86,531
Total revenues		440,000	521,608
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Salaries		194,789	210,614
Liability insurance		284,217	249,652
Total expenditures		479,006	460,266
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(39,006)	61,342
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1			 303,614
FUND BALANCE, MAY 31			\$ 364,956

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

		ginal and Il Budget	Actual
REVENUES	¢	05 000	\$ 98.624
Property taxes	\$	95,000	\$ 98,624
Total revenues		95,000	98,624
EXPENDITURES Current			
FICA/Medicare		104,000	114,896
Total expenditures		104,000	114,896
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(9,000)	(16,272)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 1		_	4,677
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 31			\$ (11,595)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Carol Stream Fire Protection District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information displays about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have been changed over time.	53-60
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	61-66
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	67-70
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	71-72
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	73-75

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,616,133	\$ 7,901,188	\$ 7,921,617	\$ 7,949,259
Restricted				
Audit	4,253	6,679	5,837	11,577
Insurance	85,673	10,773	3,547	24,304
Retirement	8,129	8,058	9,641	12,587
Public safety	55,883	49,794	60,734	53,830
Unrestricted (deficit)	 2,012,544	1,780,580	1,835,818	(17,661,436)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 9,782,615	\$ 9,757,072	\$ 9,837,194	\$ (9,609,879)

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019.

Data Source

	2017	17 2018			2019	2020			2021	2022		
	7,410,331	\$	8,011,955	\$	8,451,432	\$	8,806,085	\$	9,257,083	\$ 9,510,578		
	14,259		18,373		24,271		15,818		9,183	8,607		
	81,506		116,693		126,322		209,072		303,614	364,956		
	12,601		11,220		13,186		10,654		4,677	-		
	84,051		75,410		94,519		102,901		71,706	93,874		
	(17,248,951)		(17,480,761)		(19,686,834)		(22,352,904)		(20,487,087)	(17,779,511)		
,	(9,646,203)	\$	(9,247,110)	\$	(10,977,104)	\$	(13,208,374)	\$	(10,840,824)	\$ (7,801,496)		

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
EXPENSES				
Governmental activities				
Public safety	\$ 10,395,608	\$ 10,764,566	\$ 11,175,992	\$ 12,380,001
Interest expense	47,152	34,851	22,547	10,277
Administrative	 -	-	-	-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
EXPENSES	\$ 10,442,760	\$ 10,799,417	\$ 11,198,539	\$ 12,390,278
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services	\$ 812,516	\$ 805,377	\$ 923,200	\$ 1,112,838
Operating grants and contributions	44,049	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	 -	-	-	-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
PROGRAM REVENUES	\$ 856,565	\$ 805,377	\$ 923,200	\$ 1,112,838
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)	\$ (9,586,195)	\$ (9,994,040)	\$ (10,275,339)	\$ (11,277,440)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER				
CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Governmental activities				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 9,304,162	\$ 9,691,636	\$ 9,986,152	\$ 10,171,014
Replacement	147,717	154,812	162,039	149,177
Intergovernmental - foreign fire insurance	45,449	44,426	46,669	47,568
Investment income	18,354	13,056	5,954	18,444
Gain on sale of assets	20,500	-	-	-
Insurance reimbursement	-	-	23,545	2,950
Miscellaneous	 21,457	64,567	131,102	180,046
Total governmental activities	 9,557,639	9,968,497	10,355,461	10,569,199
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 9,557,639	\$ 9,968,497	\$ 10,355,461	\$ 10,569,199
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (28,556)	\$ (25,543)	\$ 80,122	\$ (708,241)

Data Source

	2017		2018		2019		2020	2021			2022
\$	12,236,067	\$	12,079,843	\$	13,325,685	\$	15,820,255	\$	12,010,303	\$	12,097,379
	4,037		-		4,097		4,294		5,833		6,235
\$	12,240,104	\$	12,079,843	\$	13,329,782	\$	15,824,549	\$	12,016,136	\$	12,103,614
\$	1,365,192	\$	1,372,456	\$	1,320,109	\$	1,677,734	\$	2,142,008 423,411	\$	2,663,463 308,474
	-		-		65,455		-		-		-
\$	1,365,192	\$	1,372,456	\$	1,385,564	\$	1,677,734	\$	2,565,419	\$	2,971,937
\$	(10.874.912)	\$	(10.707.387)	\$	(11.944.218)	\$	(14,146,815)	\$	(9,450,717)	\$	(9,131,677)
Ψ	(10,07,1,912)	Ψ	(10,707,507)	Ŷ	(11,911,210)	Ψ	(11,110,010)	Ψ	(),100,117)	Ψ	(),101,017)
\$	10,435,461	\$	10,582,435	\$	10,713,923	\$	11,033,121	\$	11,287,634	\$	11,631,982
	165,711 66,109		138,659 70,711		150,003 82,495		164,200 89,631		208,270 71,296		453,975 81,846
	37,615		20,779		211,086		354,106		59,703		(261,352)
	-		-		-		23,565		(19,545)		-
	50,021		28,060		18,314		4,058		27,422		-
	83,691		43,695		(1,290)		246,864		183,487		264,554
	10,838,608		10,884,339		11,174,531		11,915,545		11,818,267		12,171,005
\$	10,838,608	\$	10,884,339	\$	11,174,531	\$	11,915,545	\$	11,818,267	\$	12,171,005
\$	(36,304)	\$	176,952	\$	(769,687)	\$	(2,231,270)	\$	2,367,550	\$	3,039,328
φ	(30,304)	φ	170,732	φ	(707,007)	φ	(2,231,270)	ψ	2,307,330	φ	5,057,520

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
GENERAL FUND				
Nonspendable - prepaid items	\$ 62,054	\$ 900	\$ -	\$ -
Assigned - subsequent years budget	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 3,099,511	3,348,838	3,522,238	4,248,557
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 3,161,565	\$ 3,349,738	\$ 3,522,238	\$ 4,248,557
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
Restricted				
Audit	\$ 4,253	\$ 6,679	\$ 5,837	\$ 11,557
Insurance	85,673	10,773	3,547	24,304
Retirement	8,129	8,058	9,641	12,587
Public safety	55,883	49,794	60,734	53,830
Nonspendable - prepaid items Assigned	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	2,037,217	2,177,482	2,486,362	2,836,558
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	-	-	-
TOTAL ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 2,191,155	\$ 2,252,786	\$ 2,566,121	\$ 2,938,836
Data Source				

 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ -	\$ 472,277	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	326,648
 2,460,017	2,137,625	2,755,211	2,652,151	3,283,541	4,209,804
\$ 2,460,017	\$ 2,609,902	\$ 2,755,211	\$ 2,652,151	\$ 3,283,541	\$ 4,536,452
\$ 14,259	\$ 18,373	\$ 24,271	\$ 15,818	\$ 9,183	\$ 8,607
81,506	116,693	126,322	209,072	303,614	364,956
12,601	11,220	13,186	10,654	4,677	-
84,051	75,410	94,519	102,901	71,706	93,874
-	-	-	-	1,230,112	1,903,702
5,220,324	5,476,329	5,449,670	5,459,316	4,120,956	3,549,863
 -	-	-	-	-	(11,595)
\$ 5,412,741	\$ 5,698,025	\$ 5,707,968	\$ 5,797,761	\$ 5,740,248	\$ 5,909,407

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 9,304,162	\$ 9,691,636	\$ 9,986,152	\$ 10,171,014
Personal property replacement taxes	147,717	154,812	162,039	149,177
Foreign fire insurance	45,449	44,426	46,669	47,568
Charges for services	784,388	791,808	892,675	1,061,608
Intergovernmental	44,049	-	-	-
Investment income	18,354	13,056	5,654	18,444
Insurance reimbursement	-	-	23,545	2,950
Miscellaneous	 29,342	55,644	61,526	85,930
Total revenues	 10,373,461	10,751,382	11,178,260	11,536,691
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public safety				
Personnel	7,259,038	7,093,209	7,375,909	7,222,266
Administration	1,241,880	1,738,455	1,843,741	1,774,293
Maintenance	459,295	480,729	475,355	492,517
Insurance	223,936	247,104	285,833	259,778
Other	37,337	32,579	20,169	31,121
Capital outlay	404,744	599,163	350,281	328,013
Administrative	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal retirement	333,333	333,333	333,333	333,336
Interest and fiscal charges	 49,208	36,906	24,604	12,333
Total expenditures	 10,008,771	10,561,478	10,709,225	10,453,657
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	 364,690	189,904	469,035	1,083,034
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	473,741	508,091	493,603	493,036
Transfers (out)	(473,741)	(508,091)	(493,603)	(493,036)
Sale of capital assets	 20,500	59,900	16,500	16,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 20,500	59,900	16,500	16,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 385,190	\$ 249,804	\$ 485,535	\$ 1,099,034
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	 3.99%	3.55%	3.47%	3.47%

Note: Other includes foreign fire insurance expenditures. Personnel includes retirement expenditures. Administration includes audit expenditures and insurance (after 2016).

Data Source

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	10,435,461	\$	10,582,435	\$	10,713,923	\$	11,033,121	\$	11,287,634	\$	11,631,982
٢	165,711	Ψ	138,659	Ψ	150,003	Ψ	164,200	Ψ	208,270	Ψ	453,975
	66,109		70,711		82,495		89,631		71,296		81,846
	1,307,227		1,358,103		1,264,029		1,630,539		2,122,100		2,643,115
	-,		14,353		65,455		-		423,412		308,475
	37,615		20,779		211,086		354,106		59,703		(261,352)
	50,021		-		18,314		4,058		27,422		86,531
	82,009		71,755		120,685		113,809		112,176		72,565
	10 144 152		12 25 6 705		12 (25 000		12 280 464		14 212 012		15 017 127
	12,144,153		12,256,795		12,625,990		13,389,464		14,312,013		15,017,137
	8,509,970		8,454,777		8,628,091		9,586,195		10,066,439		10,895,158
	2,082,508		2,011,125		1,856,146		1,824,330		1,706,670		1,250,070
	547,656		435,049		675,371		650,425		589,873		637,784
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	18,271		154,729		8,727		-		-		-
	296,346		988,087		1,298,306		1,326,052		1,439,321		805,820
	4,037		-		4,097		4,294		5,833		6,235
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	11,458,788		12,043,767		12,470,738		13,391,296		13,808,136		13,595,067
	685,365		213,028		155,252		(1,832)		503,877		1,422,070
	2,500,000		1,200,756		869,397		785,898		1,008,207		772,298
	(2,500,000)		(1,200,756)		(869,397)		(785,898)		(1,008,207)		(772,298)
	-		-		-		23,565		35,000		-
	-		-		-		23,565		35,000		-
\$	685,365	\$	213,028	\$	155,252	\$	21,733	\$	538,877	\$	1,422,070
	0.000		0.000		0.000/		0.000/		0.000/		0.000/
	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year		Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Farm Property	Railroad	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value
2012	2 \$	769,823,989	\$ 165,540,900	\$ 316,743,243	\$ 59,568	\$ -	\$ 1,252,167,700	\$ 0.7747	\$ 3,756,503,100	33.333%
2013	3	716,033,819	156,992,965	297,267,600	63,070	376,896	1,170,734,350	0.8998	3,512,203,050	33.333%
2014	ŀ	695,527,757	151,860,152	289,750,501	67,322	509,845	1,137,715,577	0.8998	3,413,146,731	33.333%
2015	5	713,249,925	164,848,680	307,634,028	56,413	-	1,185,789,046	0.8750	3,557,367,138	33.333%
2016	5	762,550,135	179,976,530	321,786,960	55,707	677,858	1,265,047,190	0.8366	3,795,141,570	33.333%
2017	7	814,240,963	184,446,465	336,654,080	60,105	550,060	1,335,951,673	0.8085	4,007,855,019	33.333%
2018	3	856,531,732	189,152,043	352,130,371	64,645	498,434	1,398,377,225	0.7903	4,195,131,675	33.333%
2019)	906,344,945	201,420,000	363,637,065	64,974	475,098	1,471,942,082	0.7694	4,415,826,246	33.333%
2020)	934,613,108	202,882,430	361,365,690	69,541	517,802	1,499,448,571	0.7764	4,498,345,713	33.333%
2021	l	957,008,876	210,510,808	364,678,137	75,166	568,529	1,532,841,516	0.7757	4,598,524,548	33.333%

Note: Property in the District is reassessed each three years. Property is assessed at 33% of actual value. Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
DISTRICT DIRECT RATES										
Corporate	0.3643	0.3910	0.3753	0.3631	0.3525	0.3397	0.3481	0.3391	0.3312	0.3237
Ambulance	0.2751	0.3015	0.3498	0.3410	0.3307	0.3186	0.2832	0.2633	0.2593	0.2518
Tort liability	0.0379	0.0590	0.0624	0.0607	0.0347	0.0335	0.0314	0.0298	0.0290	0.0263
Firefighters pension	0.0847	0.0797	0.0835	0.0799	0.0865	0.0915	0.1045	0.1146	0.1317	0.1442
Firefighters pension exempt	0.0055	0.0179	0.0196	0.0213	0.0233	0.0165	0.0159	0.0155	0.0177	0.0193
Audit	0.0009	0.0011	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0002	0.0004	0.0009	0.0009
Social Security	0.0063	0.0076	0.0080	0.0078	0.0077	0.0075	0.0070	0.0067	0.0066	0.0095
Total direct rates	0.7747	0.8578	0.8998	0.8750	0.8366	0.8085	0.7903	0.7694	0.7764	0.7757
OVERLAPPING RATES										
County of DuPage	0.1410	0.1491	0.1504	0.1441	0.1351	0.1749	0.1673	0.1655	0.1609	0.1162
DuPage Health Department	0.0519	0.0549	0.0553	0.0530	0.0497	0.0470	0.0449	0.0444	0.0444	0.0425
Forest Preserve District of DuPage County	0.1542	0.1657	0.1691	0.1622	0.1514	0.1306	0.1278	0.1242	0.1205	0.1177
Airport Authority	0.0168	0.0178	0.0196	0.0188	0.0176	0.0166	0.0146	0.0141	0.0148	0.0144
Townships	0.1983	0.2207	0.2274	0.2091	0.1945	0.1724	0.1704	0.1814	0.1814	0.4357
Library	0.3071	0.3287	0.3400	0.3252	0.3046	0.2880	0.2938	0.2789	0.2743	0.2714
Park District	0.4950	0.6087	0.6570	0.6562	0.6395	0.6306	0.6292	0.6170	0.5991	0.6465
School districts	7.1661	7.7998	8.0071	7.8910	7.4821	7.4644	7.2557	6.9772	6.9991	6.8691
Total overlapping rates	8.5304	9.3454	9.6259	9.4596	8.9745	8.9245	8.7037	8.4027	8.3945	8.5135
TOTAL DIRECT AND										
OVERLAPPING RATES	9.3051	10.2032	10.5257	10.3346	9.8111	9.7330	9.4940	9.1721	9.1709	9.2892

Note: Due to overlapping jurisdictions, not all District residents are assessed taxes from all of the above governments.

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Clerk - Tax Bill

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Levy Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021			2012	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Valuation
Prologis	\$ 23,533,360	1	1.54%			
Petiole Reva Golub Lakeha	15,087,160	2	0.98%			
LSG Parkway Commons LLC	12,941,400	3	0.84%			
Greenway Apts LP	10,506,180	4	0.69%			
Liberty Property Limited	10,237,560	5	0.67% \$	9,009,930	2	0.72%
The Simon Konver Co.	9,675,420	6	0.63%			
Carol Stream Residences	9,370,080	7	0.61%			
LSG Preserve LLC	8,936,620	8	0.58%			
Shah, Niransan S	8,929,335	9	0.58%			
Windsor Park Manor	8,886,450	10	0.58%	9,440,930	1	0.75%
Lakehaven Apts LLC				8,781,600	3	0.70%
Sir Carol Stream				8,457,130	4	0.68%
Tri State Distribution				6,887,870	5	0.55%
Freidkin Realty				6,438,610	7	0.51%
Shah, Niransan				6,411,100	8	0.51%
FIC America Corp.				6,382,810	9	0.51%
Gateway Carol LLC				5,843,110	10	0.47%
	\$ 118,103,565		7.70% \$	67,653,090		5.40%

Note: 2021 is the most recent information available.

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

		Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Collecti	ions to Date
Levy Year	- Tax Extended	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
1 cai	Tax Extended	Amount	of Levy	1 cars	Amount	OI Levy
2012	\$ 9,703,296	\$ 9,691,636	99.88%	\$ -	\$ 9,691,636	99.88%
2013	10,042,559	9,986,152	99.44%	-	9,992,979	99.51%
2014	10,237,165	10,171,015	99.35%	-	9,986,152	97.55%
2015	10,380,499	10,362,574	99.83%	-	10,178,607	98.06%
2016	10,583,385	10,428,011	98.53%	-	10,428,011	98.53%
2017	10,801,169	10,713,924	99.19%	-	10,713,924	99.19%
2018	11,051,375	11,033,121	99.83%	-	11,033,121	99.83%
2019	11,325,122	11,287,634	99.67%	-	11,287,634	99.67%
2020	11,641,719	11,631,892	99.92%	-	11,631,892	99.92%
2021	11,890,252	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%

Data Source

Office of the DuPage County Treasurer

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX VALUATIONS, RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

LEVY YEAR	 2012	2013	2014	2015
EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 1,252,167,700	\$ 1,170,734,350	\$ 1,137,715,577	\$ 1,186,342,710
TAX RATES BY SUBFUND				
Corporate	0.3643	0.3910	0.3753	0.3631
Ambulance	0.2751	0.3015	0.3498	0.3410
Tort liability	0.0379	0.0590	0.0624	0.0607
Social Security	0.0063	0.0076	0.0080	0.0078
Audit	0.0009	0.0011	0.0012	0.0012
Firefighters' pension	0.0847	0.0797	0.0835	0.0799
Firefighters' pension exempt	 0.0055	0.0179	0.0196	0.0213
TOTAL TAX RATE	 0.7747	0.8578	0.8998	0.8750
TAX LEVY AS EXTENDED				
Corporate	\$ 4,562,941	\$ 4,577,571	\$ 4,269,847	\$ 4,307,610
Ambulance	3,445,691	3,529,764	3,979,729	4,045,429
Tort liability	474,706	690,733	709,935	720,110
Social Security	78,909	88,976	91,017	92,535
Audit	11,273	12,878	13,652	14,236
Firefighters' pension	1,060,887	933,075	949,992	947,888
Firefighters' pension exempt	 68,889	209,562	222,992	252,691
TOTAL EXTENSIONS	\$ 9,703,296	\$ 10,042,559	\$ 10,237,164	\$ 10,380,499
TAXES COLLECTED TO DATE	\$ 9,691,636	\$ 9,986,152	\$ 10,171,015	\$ 10,362,574
PERCENT OF COLLECTION TO EXTENSION	 99.88%	99.44%	99.35%	99.83%

	2016	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
¢		-	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Э	1,265,047,190	5 1,335,951,673	\$	1,398,377,225	\$	1,471,942,082	\$	1,499,448,571	\$	1,532,841,516
	0.3525	0.3397		0.3481		0.3391		0.3312		0.3237
	0.3307	0.3186		0.2832		0.2633		0.2593		0.2518
	0.0347	0.0335		0.0314		0.0298		0.0290		0.0263
	0.0077	0.0915		0.1045		0.1146		0.0066		0.0095
	0.0012	0.0165		0.0159		0.0155		0.0009		0.0009
	0.0865	0.0012		0.0002		0.0004		0.1317		0.1442
	0.0233	0.0075		0.0070		0.0067		0.0177		0.0193
	0.8366	0.8085		0.7903		0.7694		0.7764		0.7757
\$	4,459,291	4,538,228	\$	4,867,752	\$	4,991,356	\$	4,966,174	\$	4,961,808
	4,183,511	4,256,342		3,960,204		3,875,624		3,888,070		3,859,695
	438,971	447,544		439,090		438,639		434,840		403,137
	97,409	100,196		97,886		98,620		98,964		145,620
	15,181	16,031		2,797		5,888		13,495		13,796
	1,094,266	1,222,396		1,461,304		1,686,846		1,974,774		2,210,357
	294,756	220,432		222,342		228,151		265,402		295,838
¢	10 592 295	10 201 160	\$	11.051.275	¢	11 225 122	\$	11 641 710	\$	11 800 252
\$	10,583,385	5 10,801,169	\$	11,051,375	\$	11,325,122	\$	11,641,719	\$	11,890,252
\$	10,428,011	6 10,713,924	\$	11,033,121	\$	11,287,634	\$	11,631,892	\$	-
	98.53%	99.19%		99.83%		99.67%		99.92%		0.00%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Fiscal		Gov	ern	mental Acti	ivitie	es	Percentage	Percentage		
Year	Iı	nstallment		Capital	Primary		of	of Total	Per	
Ended		Notes		Leases	G	overnment	EAV	Income	C	apita*
2013	\$	1,000,002	\$	_	\$	1,000,002	0.08%	0.09%	\$	25
2014		666,669		-		666,669	0.06%	0.05%		16.79
2015		333,333		-		333,333	0.03%	0.03%		8.39
2016		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2017		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2018		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2019		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2020		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2021		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-
2022		-		-		-	0.00%	0.00%		-

Last Ten Fiscal Years

*See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Information on page 71 for personal income and population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

May 31, 2022

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage Debt Applicable to the District (1)	District Share of Debt
Carol Stream Fire Protection District	\$-	100.00%	\$ -
DuPage County DuPage County Forest Preserve District DuPage Water Commission Park Districts Carol Stream Glen Ellyn Wheaton	112,994,171 89,420,000 - 57,482,446 1,208,000 13,252,185	3.14% 3.14% 3.47% 86.72% 0.90% 0.0005%	3,544,331 2,804,871 - 49,846,735 10,873 71
Winfield Schools District No. 25 District No. 46 District No. 93 District No. 87	6,680,000 - 185,425,910 9,664,881 48,700,000	0.44% 44.10% 9.79% 65.36% 14.84%	28,755 18,152,702 6,317,417 7,226,554
District No. 200 District No. 41 District No. 94 District No. 502 District No. 509	62,615,000 20,220,000 29,875,000 106,415,000 153,096,415	5.97% 1.59% 8.73% 2.96% 8.60%	3,737,343 320,819 2,608,630 3,144,583 13,172,210
Total overlapping debt TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	897,049,008 \$ 897,049,008	-	<u>110,915,894</u> <u>\$ 110,915,894</u>

(1) Determined by applying the ratio of assessed value of the specific district to that portion which is in the District.

Data Source

Village of Carol Stream Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
LEGAL DEBT LIMIT	\$ 71,999,643 \$	67,317,225 \$	65,418,646 \$	68,214,706
TOTAL DEBT APPLICABLE TO LIMIT	 1,000,002	666,669	333,333	
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 70,999,641 \$	66,650,556 \$	65,085,313 \$	68,214,706
TOTAL DEBT APPLICABLE TO THE LIMIT AS A PERCENTAGE OF DEBT LIMIT	1.41%	1.00%	0.51%	0.00%

	2017	2018	2019		2020		2021		2022		
\$	72,740,213 \$	76,817,221 \$		\$	84,636,670	\$	84,636,670	\$	88,138,387		
Ψ	-	-	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ψ	-		
\$	72,740,213 \$	76,817,221 \$	80,406,690	\$	84,636,670	\$	84,636,670	\$	88,138,387		
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
		Le	gal debt margin	calcı	ulation for fisca	al 20	21				
	Assessed value										
	Legal debt margin								5.75%		
	Debt limit							88,138,387			
	Debt applicable to limit Fire protection notes										
		LI	EGAL DEBT M	IAR	GIN			\$	88,138,387		

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Fiscal Year	Population	Per Capita Personal Income	Total Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2013	39,711	\$ 29,578	\$ 1,174,571,958	8.50%
2014	39,711	30,577	1,214,243,247	7.30%
2015	39,711	30,424	1,208,167,464	4.80%
2016	39,711	30,679	1,218,293,769	4.60%
2017	39,711	30,552	1,213,250,472	4.70%
2018	39,711	31,102	1,235,091,522	4.10%
2019	39,711	32,051	1,272,777,261	3.00%
2020	39,711	34,239	1,359,664,929	16.20%
2021	39,711	N/A	N/A	N/A
2022	39,333	N/A	N/A	N/A

Last Ten Fiscal Years

N/A - information not available

Data Source

Village of Carol Stream Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		,	2022		2013		
			% of			% of	
Employer	Rank	Number of Employees	Total District Population	Rank	Number of Employees	Total District Population	
Hearthside Food Solutions	1	650	1.64%				
FIC America Corp.	2	494	1.24%	3	406	1.02%	
Grunt Style LLC	3	400	1.01%				
FedEx Ground Package System Inc	4	369	0.95%	2	418	1.05%	
American Litho Inc	5	350	0.86%				
Diamond Marketing Solutions Group Inc	6	335	0.84%				
Graphic Packaging	7	304	0.77%	10	208	0.52%	
Office Depot #1105	8	280	0.71%	9	213	0.0054	
AJ Antunes & Company	9	265	0.67%				
Windsor Park/Covenant Retirement Co.	10	265	0.67%	4	265	0.67%	
Greencore USA CPG Partners, LLC				1	800	2.01%	
Tyndale House Publishers				5	260	0.65%	
CNS Home Health				6	260	0.65%	
Ingram Micro				7	250	0.63%	
Dominick's Finer Foods				8	225	0.57%	
TOTAL		3,712	9.36%		3,305	8.31%	

Data Source

Village of Carol Stream Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Chiefs	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Firefighters/paramedics	46	46	46	46	45	45	48	48	54	58
Paid on call	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Support services	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Contract personnel	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	-	-
TOTAL	66	66	66	66	65	64	67	67	64	68

Data Source

District internal records

OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
CALLS										
Structure fires	77	62	64	46	57	47	45	51	70	61
Other fires	44	67	85	54	81	76	76	62	75	67
Pressure rupture	11	16	6	14	12	4	6	6	5	7
Rescue and EMS calls	3,031	3,027	3,222	3,605	3,985	4,153	4,035	4,185	3,913	4,359
Hazardous condition	124	153	117	152	141	135	161	141	156	137
Service calls	222	240	235	225	260	272	185	144	154	141
Good intent calls	205	198	201	294	375	364	373	306	273	340
False calls	559	660	530	545	576	519	527	553	503	521
Miscellaneous	18	4	2	2	4	10	1	3	2	4
Unclassified	3	1	-	30	12	8	23	2	2	1
TOTAL	4,294	4,428	4,462	4,967	5,503	5,588	5,432	5,453	5,153	5,638

Data Source

District internal records

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
SUPPORT SERVICES										
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ladder trucks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Engines/squad	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Rescue vehicle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ambulances	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Administration vehicles	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	ç

District internal records